

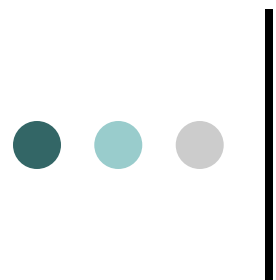


SG - OSG

Improving Campus Research CI Through
Leveraging and Integration:
Developing a SURAgrid-OSG Collaboration

John McGee, RENCi/OSG Engagement Coordinator

John-Paul Robinson, UAB/SURAgrid Governance Committee Co-Chair

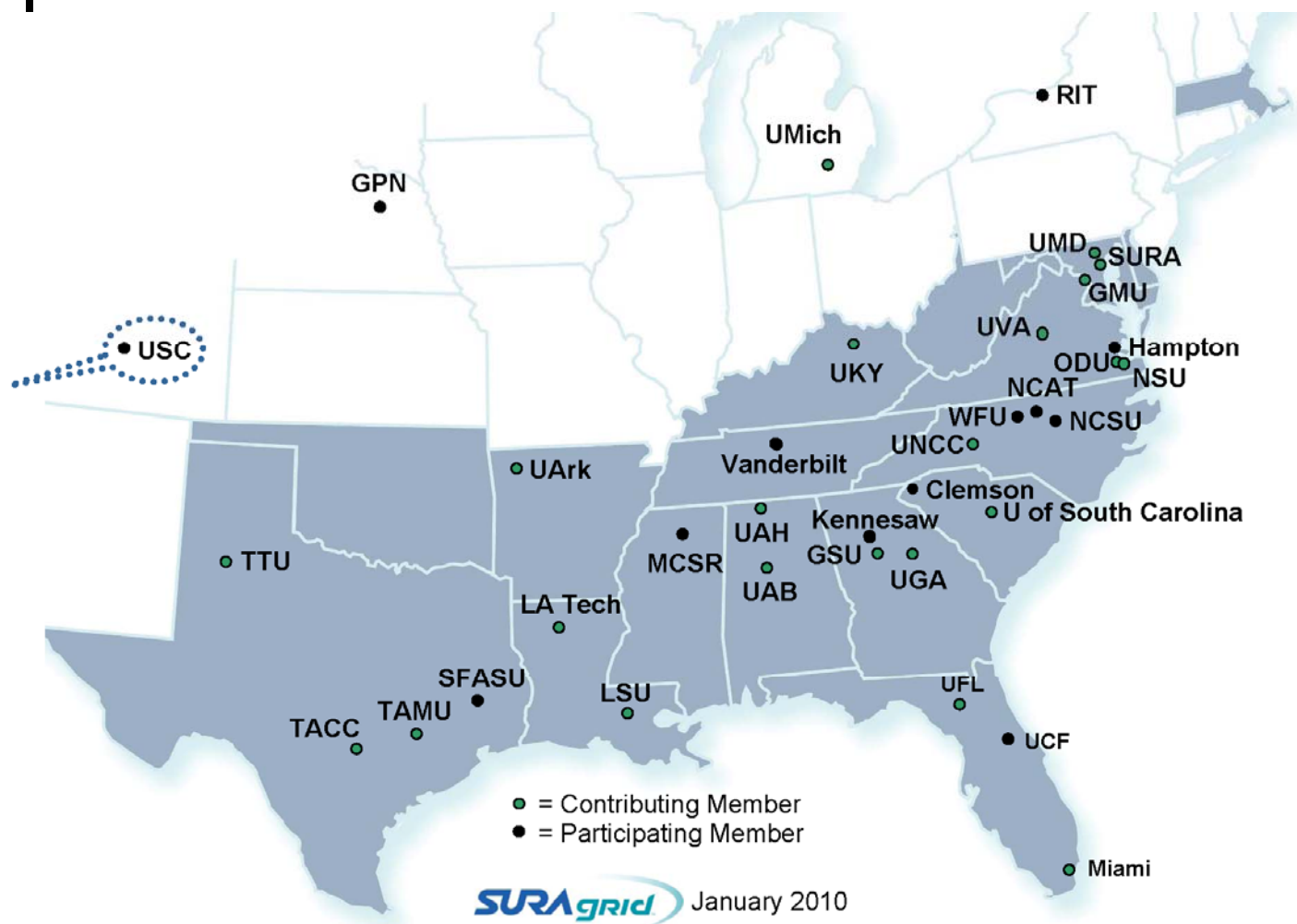


Agenda

- Collaboration History
- SURAgrid Motivation
- OSG Motivation
- Future Directions



SURAGrid





Open Science Grid





Collaboration History

- Leveraging of the Work of Established Grid Initiatives and Standards Groups
- SURAgrid TTU-led Packaged Stack Development based on OSG SW Stack (VDT)
http://omnius.hpcc.ttu.edu/SURAggrid_wiki/ServerStack
- Grid Technology Cookbook co-sponsors
<http://hv3.phys.lsu.edu:8000/cookbook/gtcb/index.php>
- 2009 SURAgrid-OSG Statement of Shared Interest



SURAgriD Services Profile

- Governance Committee
 - Coordinate Member Activities and Identify Needs
 - Prioritize and Align Agenda with Strategic Plan
 - Provide Cross-site Engagement to Develop Operations
- CA and Bridge CA
 - Provide “catch-all” grid credentials
 - Integrate campus CA into trust network
- Server Stack
 - Based on VDT
 - Direct Support for SURAgriD-specific Configuration
- Operations & Support Services
 - Mailing Lists: Announce, Support, Working Group
 - Grid Portal: Basic job submit & Resource Monitoring
 - LDAP-based Member Registry
 - Accounting Data using OGF UR-WG Profile



Successes and Challenges

○ Successes

- Campus Engagement
 - Interest in and Need for Resource Sharing is Strong
- Model for Engagement
 - Membership and Governance Provide Voice
- Identifying Campus Requirements
 - Found the “gap” in CI

○ Challenges

- Moving from Local to Remote
- Matching Users with Compute Cycles
- Managing Ownership of Core Resources
- Maintaining Resource Availability
- Insufficient Service Profile



SURAGrid Motivation

- Success with organizing, community building, engaging campus
 - Successful demonstrations
 - Hands on training, peer learning
- Threshold of Operations
 - Strong desire to move from test and demo mode to operational mode
- Desire not to reinvent successful model
- Have folks come on board and say “hey this is great” but then have a hard time transitioning to operation



SG-OSG & VOMS

- Domain Science Community Practices
 - OSG has proved successful as an organizing framework for domain science communities
 - Communities typically adopt the OSG tool chain and build their practices around it
 - Scientists “join” the OSG science VO and accept whatever practices are deemed necessary to accomplish that participation
- Campus Practices
 - Potential for a campus to simply adopt a solution like VOMS is limited
 - Integrating campus source systems with VOMS is the best way to allow the site to express its membership information and roles in the context of OSG
 - Current organizing practices lead sites to maintaining the integration independently
 - Thin staffing means integration rarely occurs and campuses remain without the ability to join a larger community of resource sharing



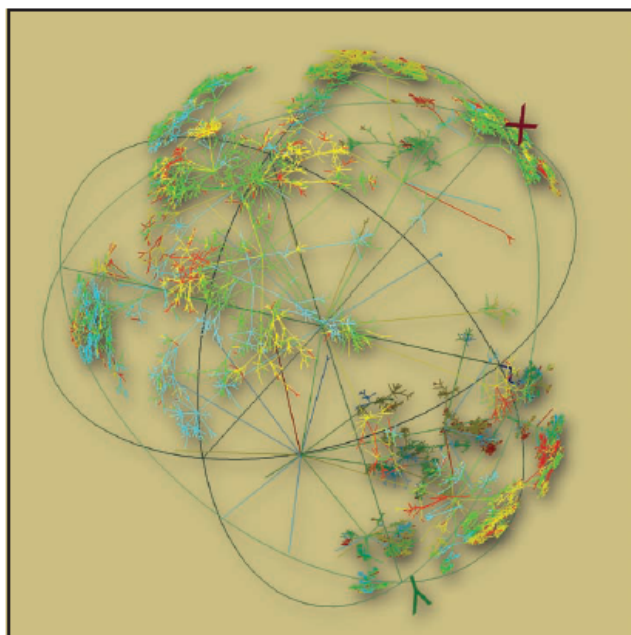
OSG is a consortium of software, service and resource providers and researchers, from universities, national laboratories and computing centers across the U.S., who together build and operate the OSG project. The project is funded by the NSF and DOE, and provides staff for managing various aspects of the OSG.

Brings petascale computing and storage resources into a uniform grid computing environment

Integrates computing and storage resources from over 80 sites in the U.S. and beyond



CYBERINFRASTRUCTURE VISION FOR 21ST CENTURY DISCOVERY



National Science Foundation
Cyberinfrastructure Council
March 2007

An effective computing environment designed to meet the computational needs of a range of science and engineering applications will include a variety of computing systems with complementary performance capabilities. NSF will invest in leadership class environments in the 0.5-10 petascale performance range. Strong partnerships involving other federal agencies, universities, industry and state government are also critical to success. NSF will also promote resource sharing between and among academic institutions to optimize the accessibility and use of HPC assets deployed and supported at the campus level. Supporting software services include the provision of intelligent development and problem-solving environments and tools. These tools are designed to provide improvements in ease of use, reusability of modules, and portable performance.

¹ A picosecond is 10^{-12} second

² A petascale is 10^{15} operations per second with comparable storage and networking capacity



the density for iron oxide (FeO) within the local density approximation, with
dots represent the spin density, showing the antiferromagnetic ordering.

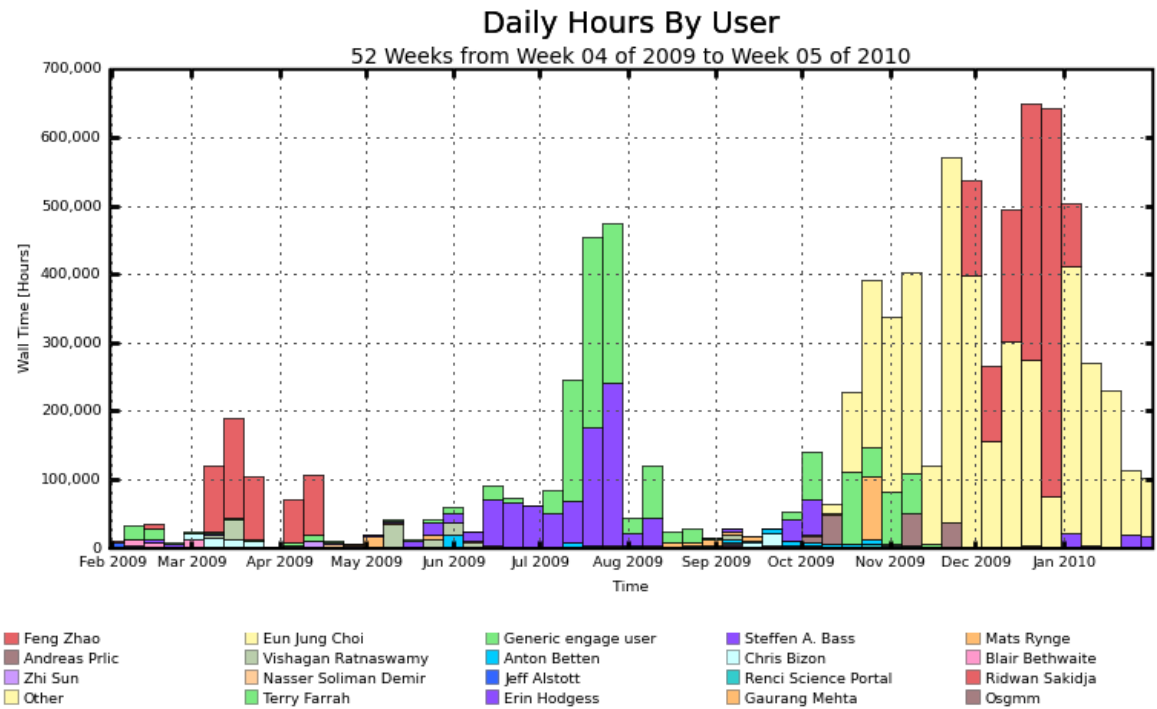


OSG Engagement Program

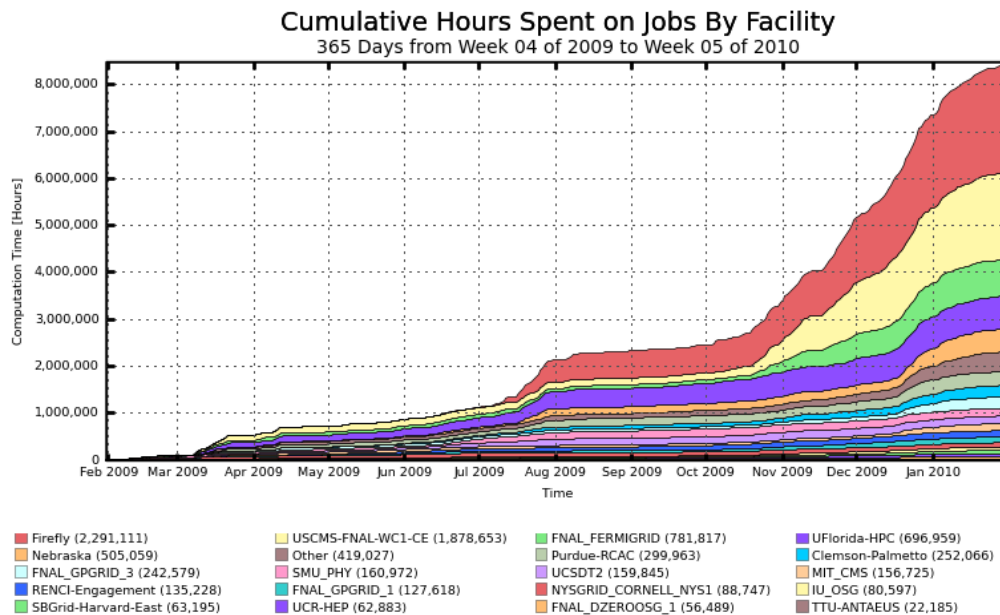
- OSG Satellite Project
 - funded by NSF CI-TEAM
- Engagement Program Objectives
 - Develop new communities of CI enabled researchers by helping new users run scientific codes at OSG scale
 - Help University campuses leverage OSG experience and methodologies to implement campus level resource sharing
 - Use the experience from the two objectives above to drive enhancements and new capabilities into OSG

User Engagement

stats for the
OSG Engagement Program
over the previous 12 months



Maximum: 649,530 Hours, Minimum: 179.21 Hours, Average: 166,302 Hours, Current: 101,050 Hours



Total: 8,481,725 Hours, Average Rate: 0.27 Hours/s

Biochemistry, Genetics, Structural Biology, Materials
Science, Nuclear Physics, and more ...

running at LHC/HEP scale



OSG Campus Engagement

- Successful when there is campus leadership with a national cyberinfrastructure agenda:
 - Purdue, Clemson, Wisconsin, NY State, Nebraska
 - very difficult otherwise
- Interesting comparison to Campus Shared Cluster model (aka condominium computing)
 - broadly successful resource sharing at the campus level
 - typically initiated by central IT/campus research computing; OSG resource sharing on campus is initiated by domain scientists
 - “safe”: stays within campus borders
 - cluster management is well understood; mgmt of shared resources across multiple resources and owners less so
 - <https://twiki.grid.iu.edu/bin/view/CampusGrids/WorkingMeetingFermilab>

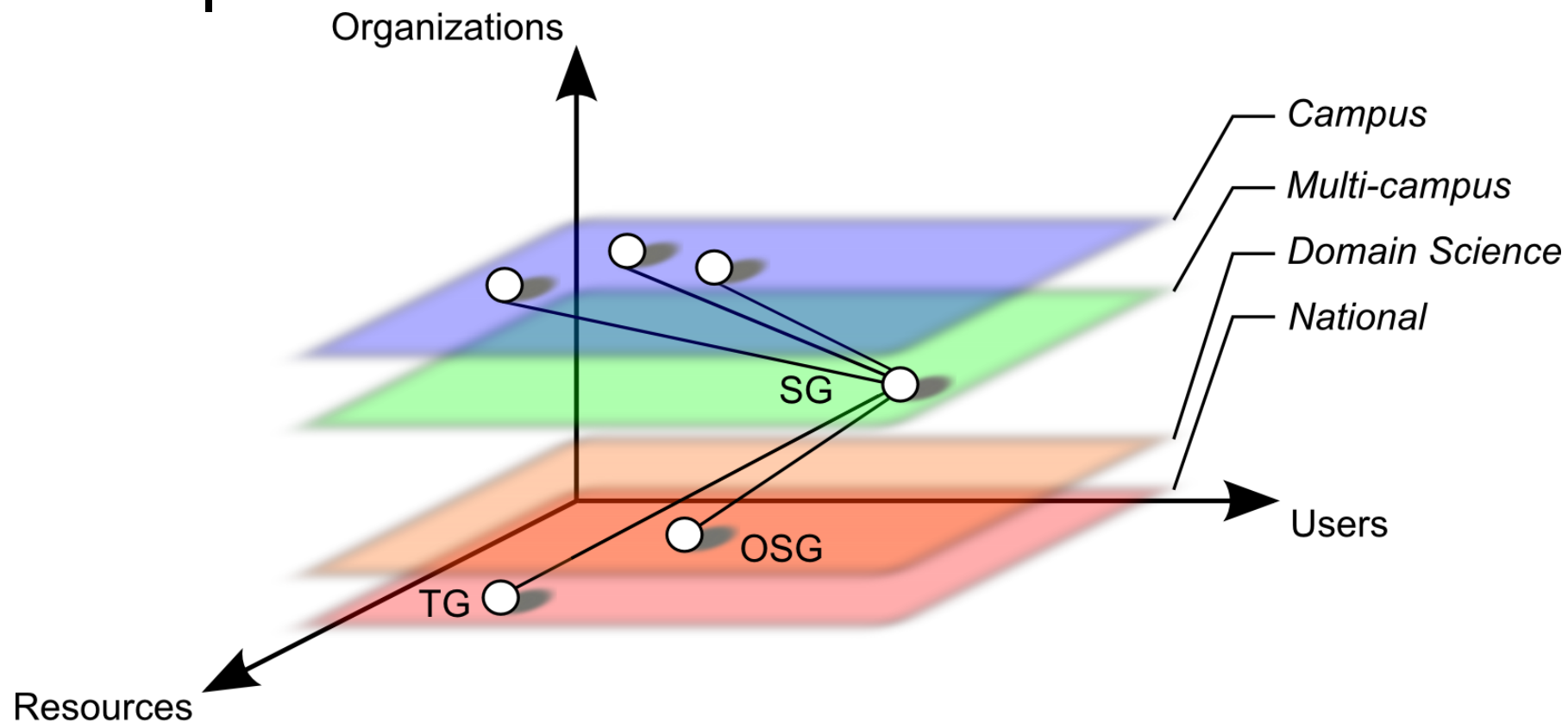


Future Directions

- Enormous unrealized potential
 - current and future campus resources
 - eg Purdue Condor backfill ~ 15% of capacity
 - the original promise of Grid/utility computing
 - cultural and sociological changes that come with a resource sharing ecosystem
 - campus identity and role management leveraged into large multi-campus science efforts
 - aggregated purchasing power for commercial cloud services
 - need for reusable integration and human effort sharing
 - SURAGrid campus expertise + OSG cross organization operational expertise



Coherent CI Landscape



TG=TeraGrid, OSG=Open Science Grid, SG=SURAGrid



[Image taken from "Enabling and Sustaining Campus-to-Campus CI" White Paper](#)

