

Introduction: Demographics

Summary of Responses

- Next generation Capabilities
- Data to Knowledge to Action
- Access to Big Data Resources
- Education and Training
- New Partnerships
- Data Sustainability
- Gateways

Additions and Comments

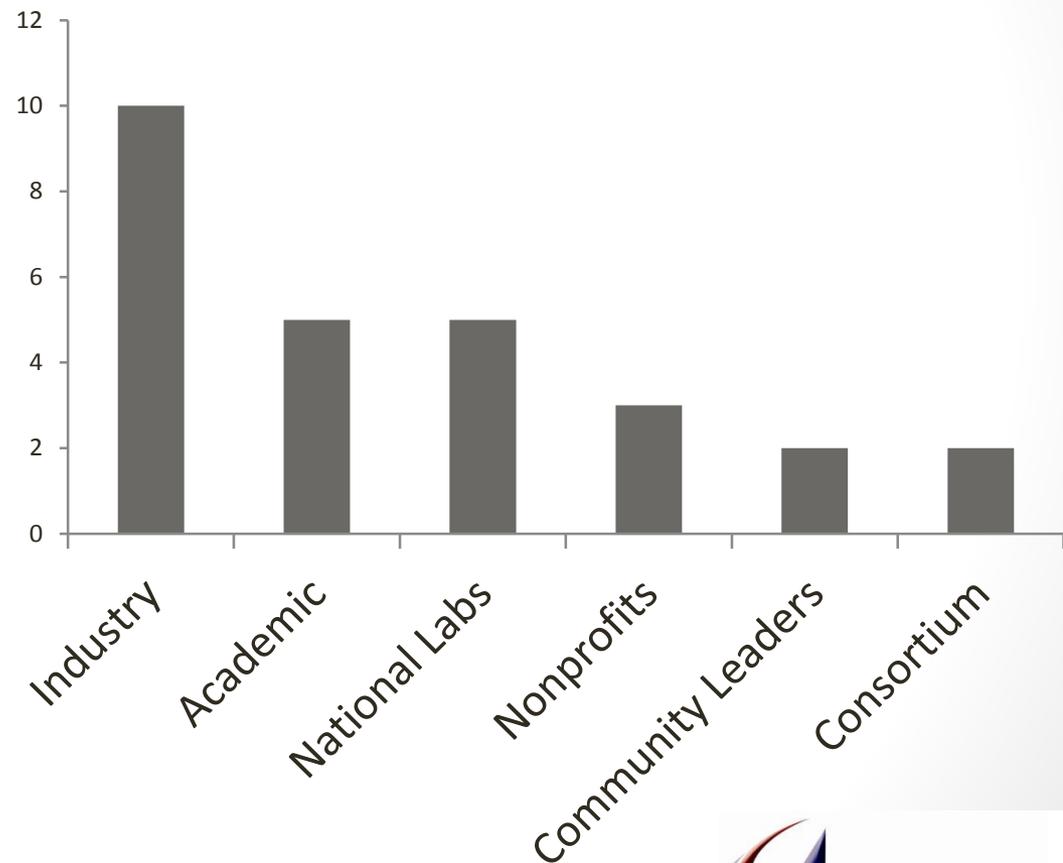
- Gaps
- Game Changers
- Security and Privacy



National Strategic Plan RFI

- We received 38 responses
- From 27 stakeholders including:

- Industry
- Academia
- National Labs
- Nonprofits
- Community Leaders
- Consortium



Next Generation Capabilities

Vision 1: Create next generation capabilities by leveraging emerging Big Data foundations, technologies, processes, and policies. (62%)

- Data Efficiency*
 - “Algorithm Acceleration with state-of-the-art hardware”
- Infrastructure/Hardware*
 - “Infrastructure R&D should address delivery of information through varied, multiple, and concurrent channels and mobile devices”
- Testbeds*
 - “Create cloud-based test beds for R&D with sample datasets, community supported algorithm libraries, with cross-agency access and support.”
- Data co-design*
 - “...design process where scientific problem requirements influence architecture design and technology, and constraints inform formulation and design of algorithms and software.”

*Multiple responses



Data to Knowledge to Action

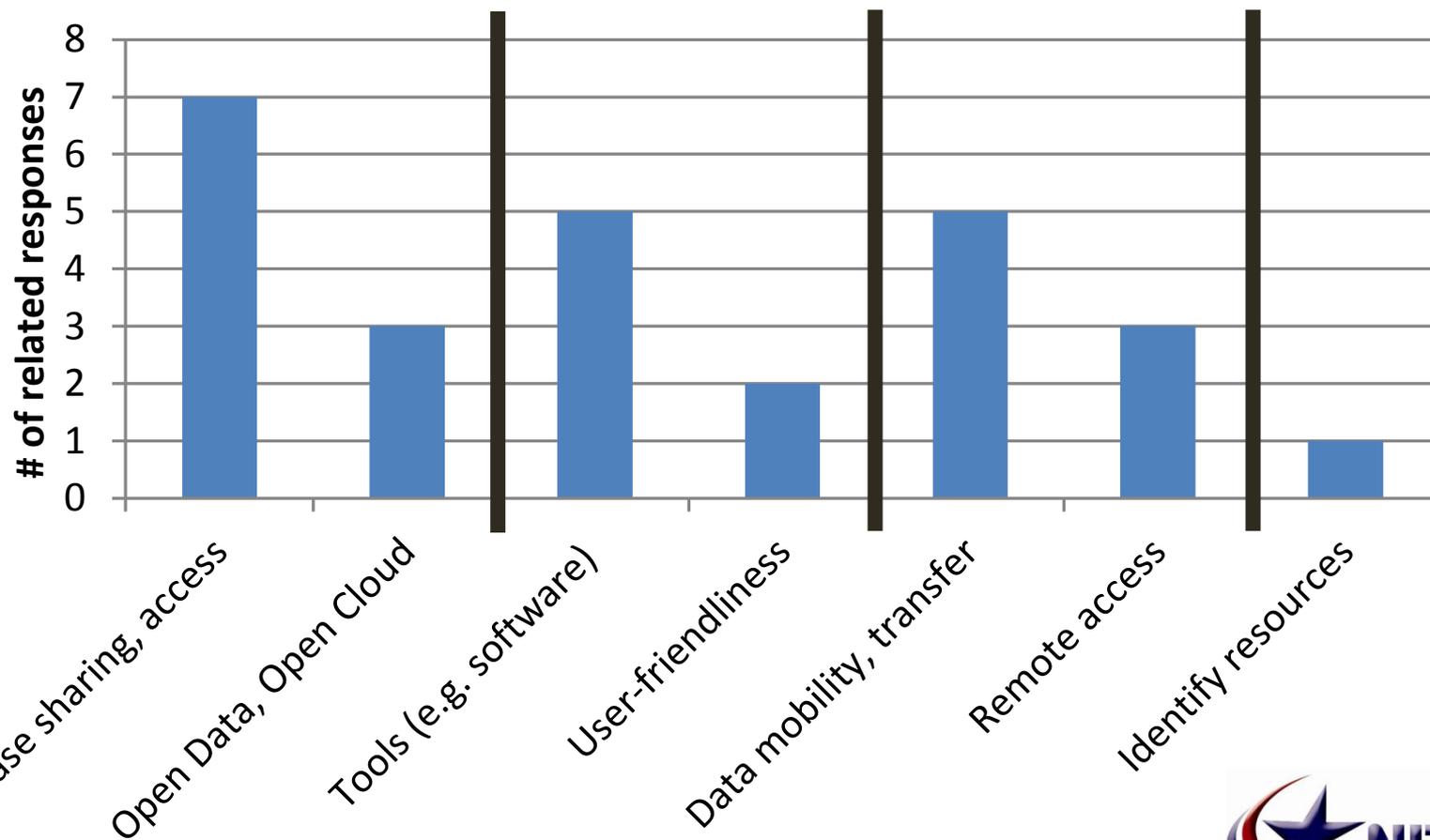
Vision 2: In addition to supporting the R&D necessary to create knowledge from data, emphasize support of R&D to understand trustworthiness of data and resulting knowledge, and to make better decisions and breakthrough discoveries and take confident action based on them. (46%)

- Time to Knowledge
 - *“...all processing could be done “inline,” with the data stream rather than as a post processing step”*
- Data Integrity/Stewardship/Curation
 - *“Develop a digital “chain-of-handling” to allow all relying parties to understand how, when, and by whom the results were derived. This should include code and parameters to aid in scientific reproducibility and post facto validation”*
 - *“...if data are not adequately curated, it is questionable whether they should have been generated in the first place”*



Access to Big Data Resources

*Vision 3: Build and expand **access** to the Big Data resources and cyberinfrastructure – both domain specific and shared – that are needed for agencies to best achieve their mission goals and for the country to innovate and benefit (51%)*



Education and Training

Vision 4: To educate the next generation of scientists and engineers and fulfill increasing demand for analytical talent and capacity for the broader workforce. (27%)

- Develop **PhD fellowships** for students who excel in either the foundations or exploitations of data science; allow longer time to joining faculty or industry to learn both technology and data in different disciplines
- Encourage public programs and certifications for roles at data-driven organizations, government **competitions and prizes**
- Leverage **online learning**
- Create hubs to enable **curricula development**
- Create **graduate fellowships** to add analytical skills
- Provide domain relevant data/software for **teaching materials**
- **Redesign high school and collegiate science curriculum** to incorporate data analytics



New Partnerships

Vision 5: Foster the creation of new partnerships that cross sectors and domains (43%)

- Encourage **inter-laboratory and cross-divisional collaboration**
- Fuse government and **social media data** to draw intelligence
- Work with **Nat'l Research Council** to conduct unbiased assessment on strategic scientific data investments
- Partner with **independent consulting firms** to handle data policy compliance
- Devise **industry incentives** to develop solutions
- Create **hubs** to foster public-private collaborations
- Invest in the **open source** community
- Commercial partnerships for foundational software



Data Sustainability

Vision 6: "Ensuring the long term sustainability, access, and development of high value data sets and data resources" (21%)

- Long-term investments required for all aspects of cyber-infrastructure
 - New/indefinite funding models needed
- Stability and reliability through transitions
- Integration with library and info science communities
- Formation of new cross-agency entity
- Consideration of costs of archival of all data
- Consolidate data lifecycle management across agency resources



Gateways

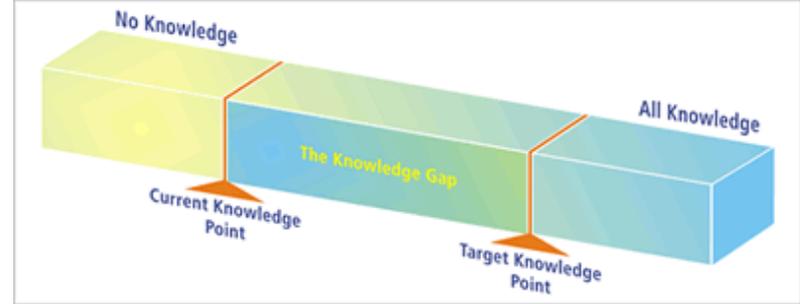
Vision 7: “Creating new gateways that enable the interconnection and interplay of Big Data ideas and capabilities across agency missions” (10%)

- Portals for sharing large data sets and analysis tools
- Scalable, API-driven software services
- Diversity of software packages and stacks
- Built with end-user in mind
 - Hide underlying infrastructure
 - Accessible with little/no programming experience
- Implementation in conjunction with data centers



Gaps

What are the **gaps** that are not addressed in the Visions and Priority Actions Document? (39%)



- Organization/Mobility
- Data Bottleneck
- Long-term sustainability
- Energy of storage, processing and transmission.
- Metadata – Argonne National Lab
- Pace of analysis tool development
- Economic value
- Privacy
- Data Migration

Game-changers

What new research, education and/or infrastructure investments do you think will be **game-changing** for the big data innovation ecosystem? (21%)



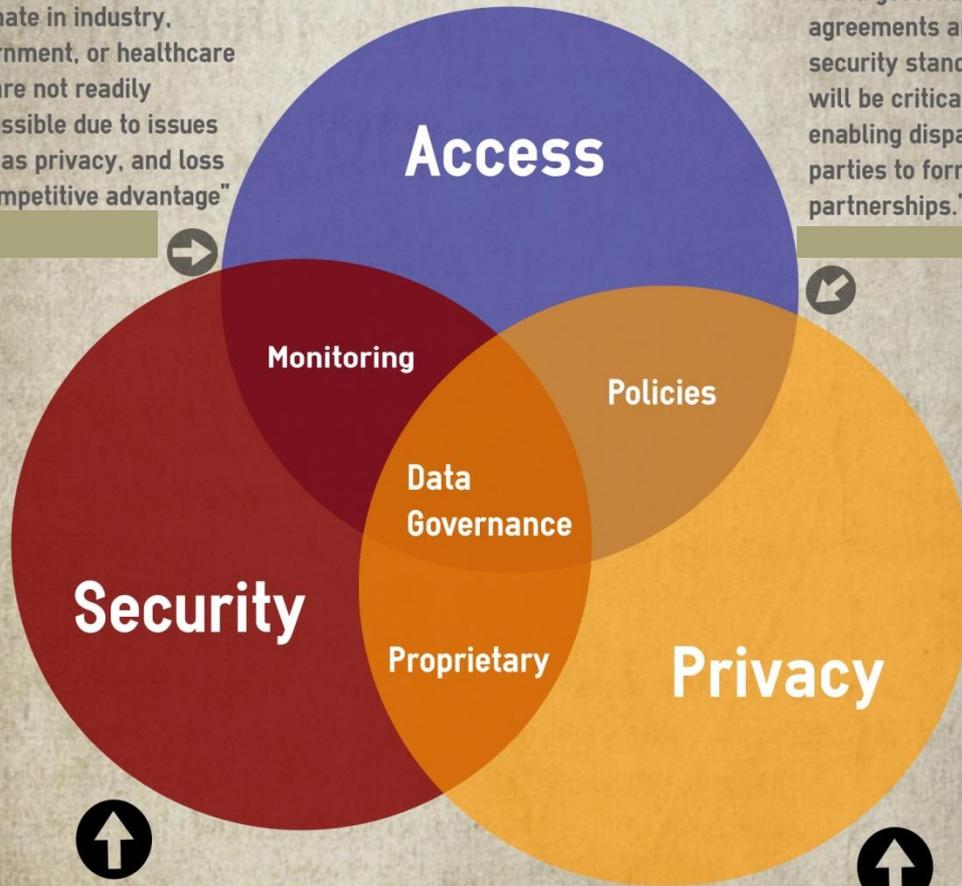
- Use of J/TB (Joule per Terabyte) as a metric
- Cost of data storage
- Disaster Forecasting, Health sensors/records, education tracking
- Fusion of government and social media
- Big Data Research Centers
- Incentivization
- Big Data Infrastructure (on par with supercomputing centers)

Security, Privacy, and Access

~ 40% of responders felt security and privacy were major issues

"Many of the largest datasets originate in industry, government, or healthcare and are not readily accessible due to issues such as privacy, and loss of competitive advantage"

"Data governance agreements and security standards will be critical in enabling disparate parties to form partnerships."



"Not just new techniques, but even new abstractions of disclosure risk, disclosure harm and data utility are needed."

"People who are the source of healthcare data should have the right to remain anonymous, negotiate the terms of their data usage, and right to withdraw information from a data set."

Highlights and Trends

1. Data Governance is needed for a viable Big Data ecosystem
2. New definitions of risk, harm and disclosure will be needed
3. Peoples rights to negotiate the terms of their data usage

Response Coordination Team

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