

Software Defined Services (SDS) For High Performance Large Scale Science Data Streams Across 100 Gbps WANs

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International Center for Advanced Internet Research (www.icair.org)

Northwestern University

Director, Metropolitan Research and Education Network (www.mren.org)

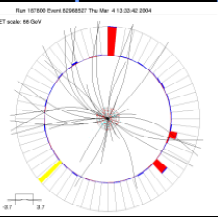
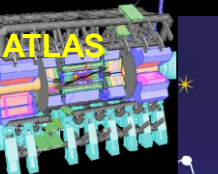
Director, StarLight, PI StarLight SDX, Co-PI Chameleon, PI-iGENI, PI-OMNINet (www.startap.net/starlight)

Middleware And Grid Interagency Coordination (MAGIC) – NITRD

Washington DC

February 1, 2017





DØ (DZero)
www.d0.fnal.gov



IVOA:
International
Virtual
Observatory
www.ivoa.net



www.opensciencegrid.org



ANDRILL:
Antarctic
Geological
Drilling
www.andrill.org



BIRN: Biomedical
Informatics Research
Network
www.nbirn.net



GLEON: Global Lake
Ecological
Observatory
Network



LIGO
www.ligo.org



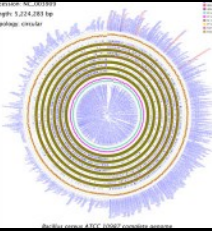
OSG



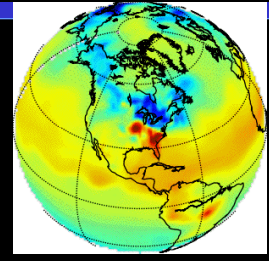
WLCG
lcg.web.cern.ch/LCG/public/



Globus Alliance
www.globus.org



CAMERA
metagenomics
camera.calit2.net



Carbon Tracker
www.esrl.noaa.gov/gmd/ccgg/carbontrack



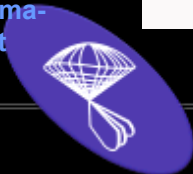
OOI-CI
ci.oceanobservatories.org



Pacific Rim
Applications and
Grid Middleware
Assembly
www.pragma-grid.net



SKA
www.skatelescope.org



Sloan Digital Sky
Survey
www.sdss.org



CineGrid
www.cinegrid.org



ISS: International
Space Station
www.nasa.gov/station



TeraGrid
www.teragrid.org



XSEDE
www.xsede.org



LHCONE
www.lhcone.net



Comprehensive
Large-Array
Stewardship System
www.class.noaa.gov



Compilation By Maxine Brown

STARLIGHTSM

Macro Network Science Themes

- **Transition From Legacy Networks To Networks That Take Full Advantage of IT Architecture and Technology**
- **Extremely Large Capacity (Multi-Tbps Streams)**
- **High Degrees of Communication Services Customization**
- **Highly Programmable Networks**
- **Network Facilities As Enabling Platforms for Any Type of Service**
- **Network Virtualization**
- **Highly Distributed Processes**



App1

App2

App3

App4

EP1

EP2

Ind1

Ind2

APIs Based On Messaging and Signaling Protocols

Network Programming Languages

Process Based Virtualization – Multi-Domain Federation –

Policies Cascading Through Architectural Components

Security Processes

Policy Processes

Orchestrator(s)

Policy Processes

Northbound Interface

Network OSs
SDN Control Systems

State Data Bases

State Machines

Mon, Measurements
Real Time Analytics

Network Hypervisors

Westbound Interfaces

Eastbound Interfaces

Southbound Interface

PhyR

PhyR

PhyR

PhyR

VirR

VirR

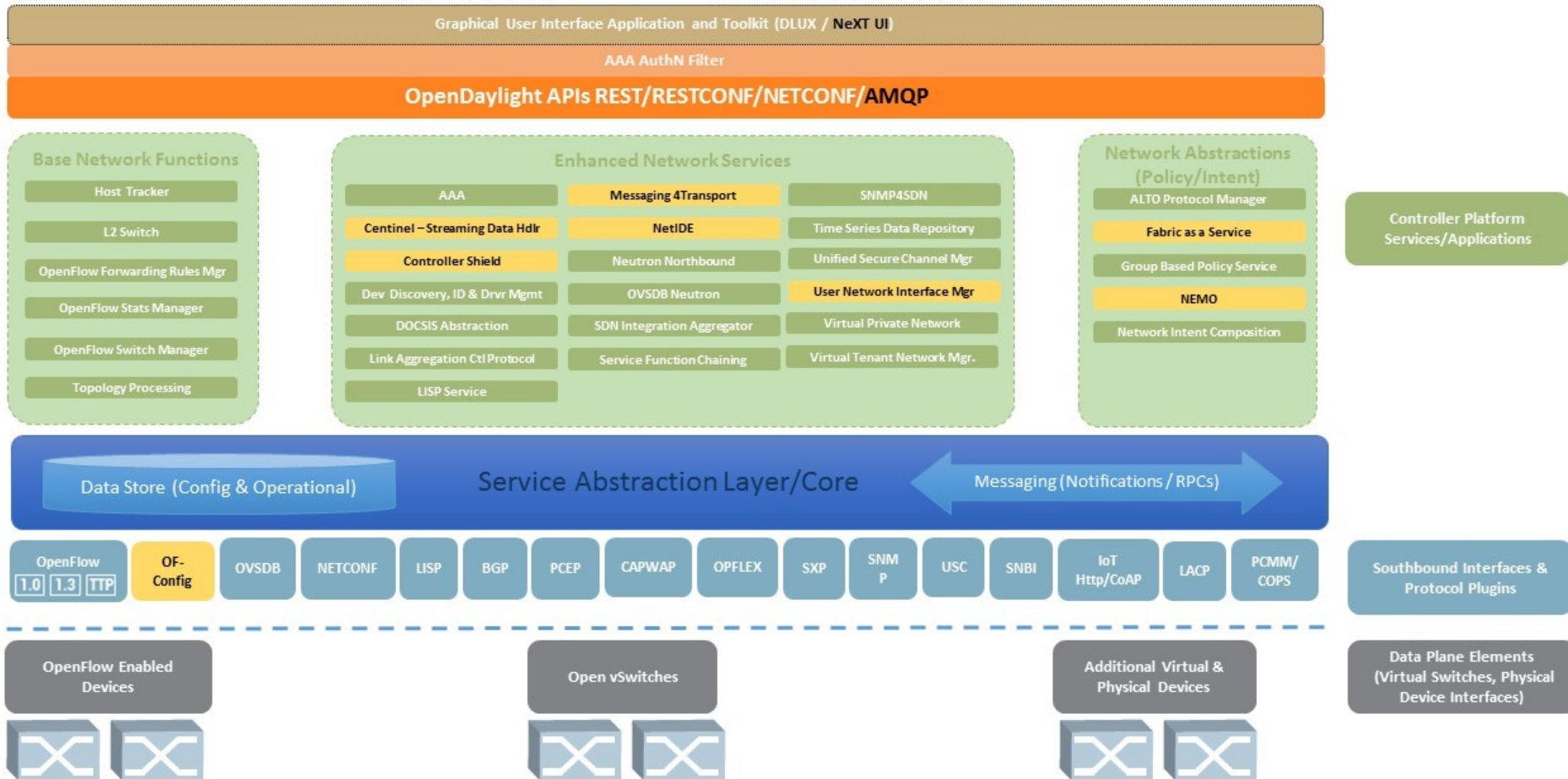
VirR

VirR

OpenDaylight 4th Release: Beryllium



4th Release “Beryllium”
Production-Ready Open SDN Platform



National Science Foundation's Global Environment for Network Innovations (GENI)

- **GENI Is Funded By The National Science Foundation's Directorate for Computer and Information Science and Engineering (CISE)**
- **GENI Is a Virtual Laboratory For Exploring Future Internets At Scale.**
- **GENI Is Similar To Instruments Used By Other Science Disciplines, e.g., Astronomers – Telescopes, HEP - Synchrotrons**
- **GENI Creates Major Opportunities To Understand, Innovate and Transform Global Networks and Their Interactions with Society.**
- **GENI Is Dynamic and Adaptive.**
- **GENI Opens Up New Areas of Research at the Frontiers of Network Science and Engineering, and Increases the Opportunity for Significant Socio-Economic Impact.**



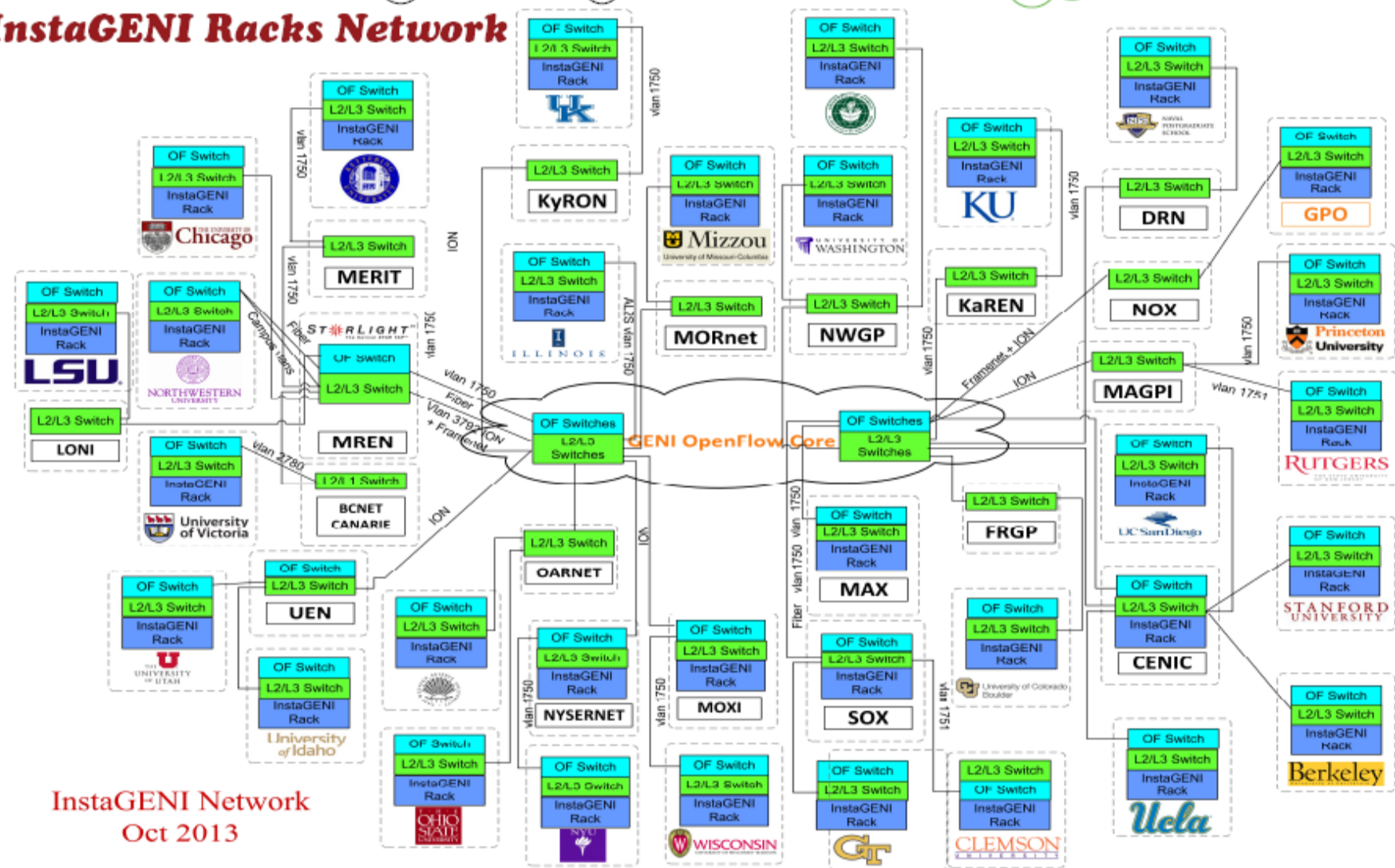
Future Cyberinfrastructure

- **Large Scale Highly Distributed Infrastructure That Can Support Multiple Empirical Research Testbeds At Scale**
- **Next Generation GENI, Edge Clouds, IOT, US Ignite, Platform for Advanced Wireless Research (PAWR) and Many Others**
- **Currently Being Planned – Will Be Designed, Implemented and Operated By Researchers for Researchers**



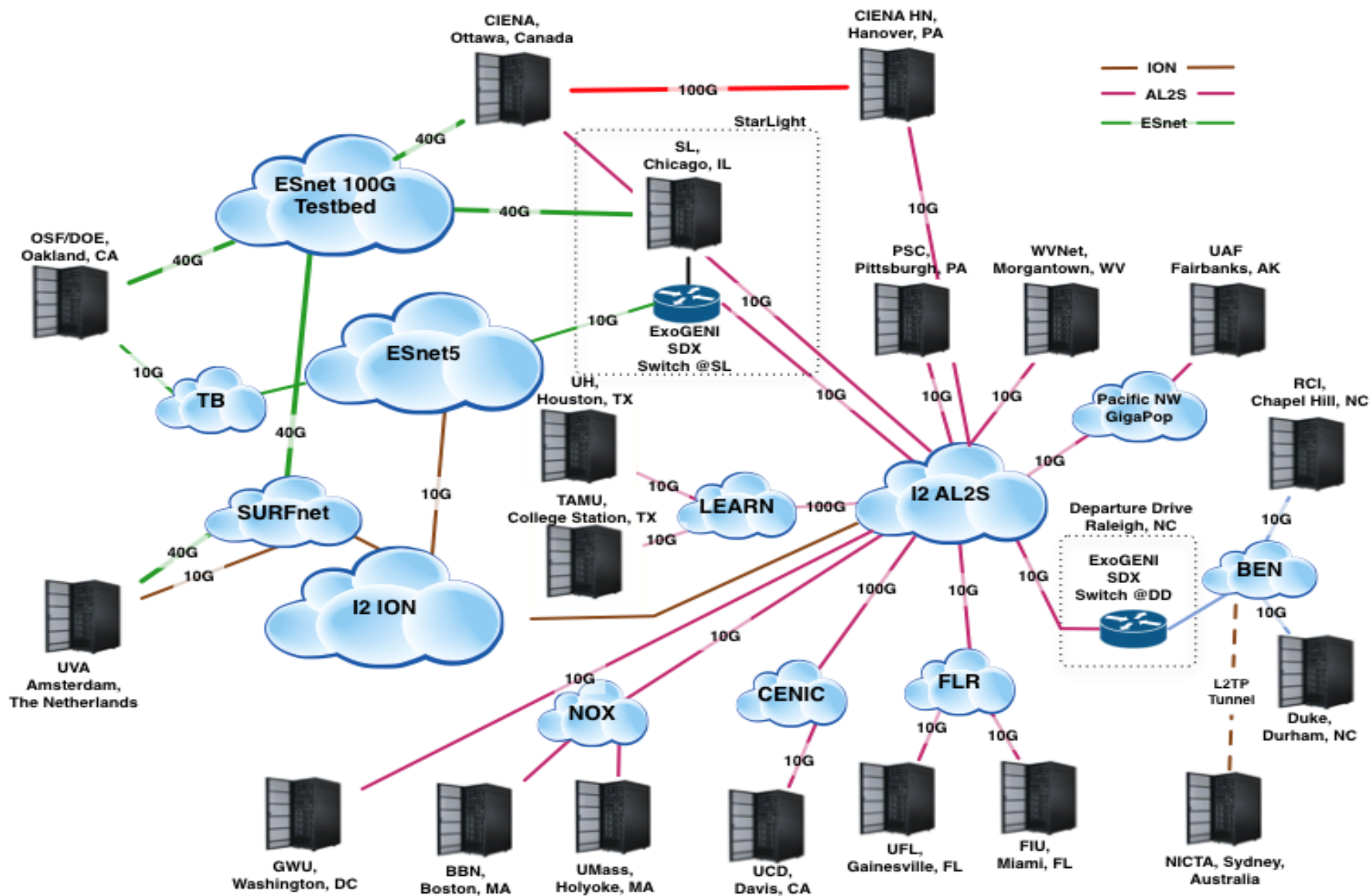
National Science Foundation Global Environment for Network innovations

InstaGENI Racks Network

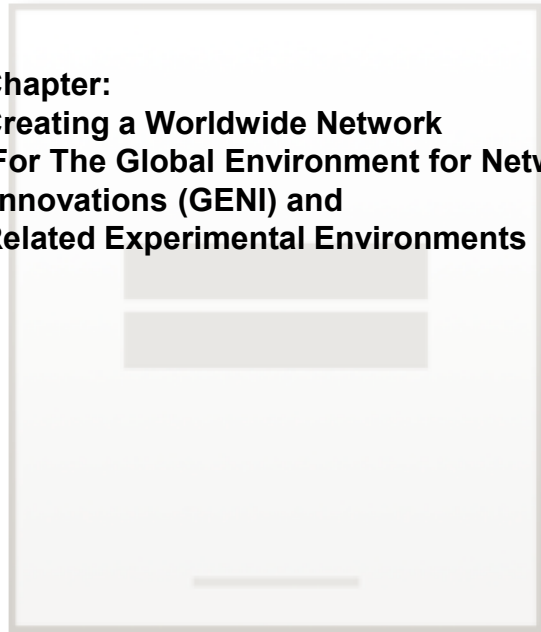


InstaGENI Network
Oct 2013

International 40G and 100 G ExoGENI Testbed



Chapter:
Creating a Worldwide Network
For The Global Environment for Network
Innovations (GENI) and
Related Experimental Environments



1st ed. 2016, XVIII, 655 p. 216 illus., 183
illus. in color.

 Printed book

R. McGeer, M. Berman, C. Elliott, R. Ricci (Eds.)

The GENI Book

- Provides a foundational overview of GENI's core architectural concepts
- Presents a detailed discussion of architecture and implementation
- Includes 24 chapters, divided into five sections, which outline GENI from precursors to architecture, development, applications, and then world federation
- Offers an extensive bibliography

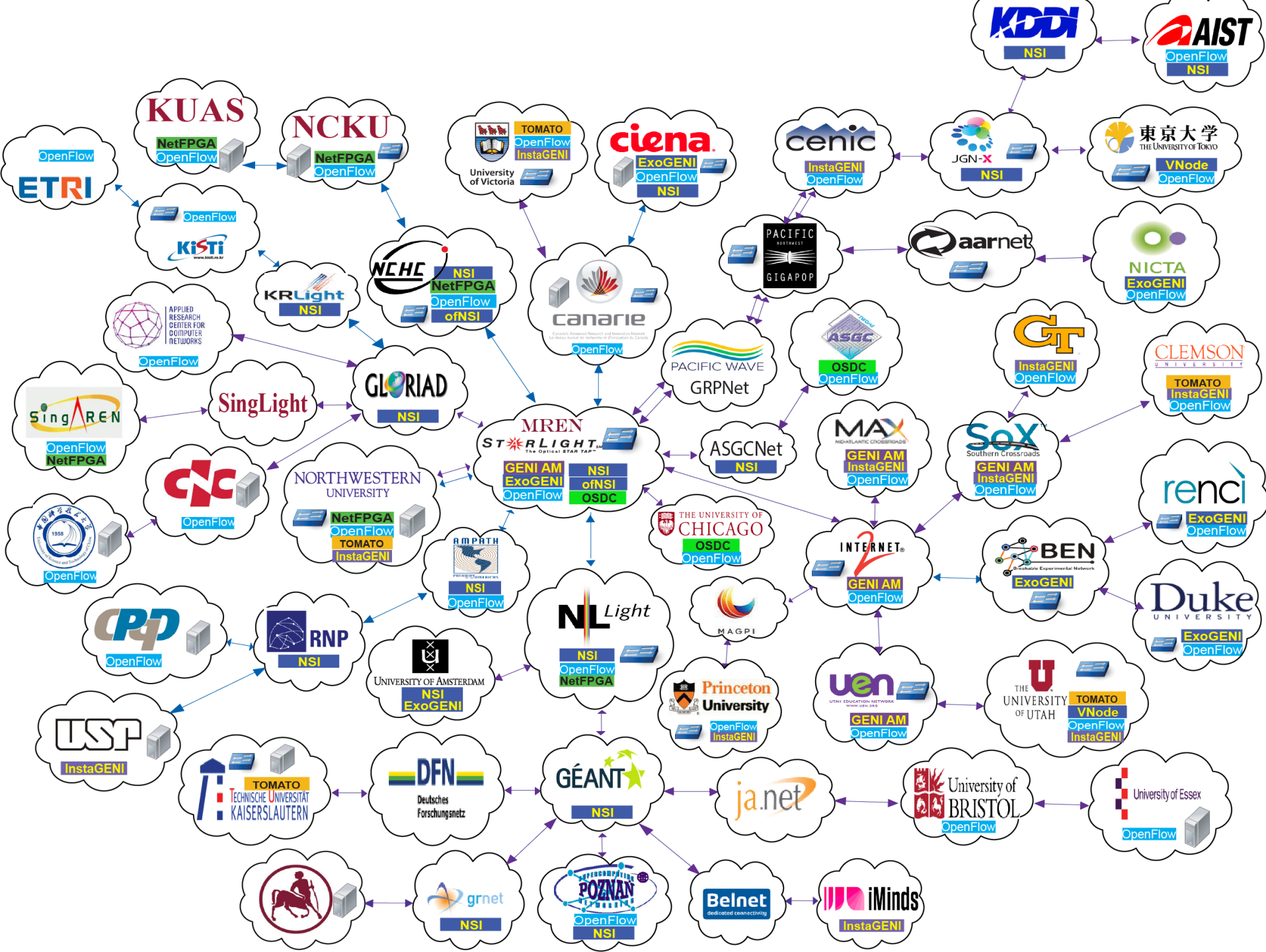
This book, edited by four of the leaders of the National Science Foundation's Global Environment and Network Innovations (GENI) project, gives the reader a tour of the history, architecture, future, and applications of GENI. Built over the past decade by hundreds of leading computer scientists and engineers, GENI is a nationwide network used daily by thousands of computer scientists to explore the next Cloud and Internet and the applications and services they enable, which will transform our communities and our lives. Since by design it runs on existing computing and networking equipment and over the standard commodity Internet, it is poised for explosive growth and transformational impact over the next five years.

iGENI: The International GENI

- The iGENI Initiative Will Design, Develop, Implement, and Operate a Major New National and International Distributed Infrastructure.
- iGENI Will Place the “G” in GENI Making GENI Truly Global.
- iGENI Will Be a Unique Distributed Infrastructure Supporting Research and Development for Next-Generation Network Communication Services and Technologies.
- This Infrastructure Will Be Integrated With Current and Planned GENI Resources, and Operated for Use by GENI Researchers Conducting Experiments that Involve Multiple Aggregates At Multiple Sites.
- iGENI Infrastructure Will Connect Its Resources With Current GENI National Backbone Transport Resources, With Current and Planned GENI Regional Transport Resources, and With International Research Networks and Projects,

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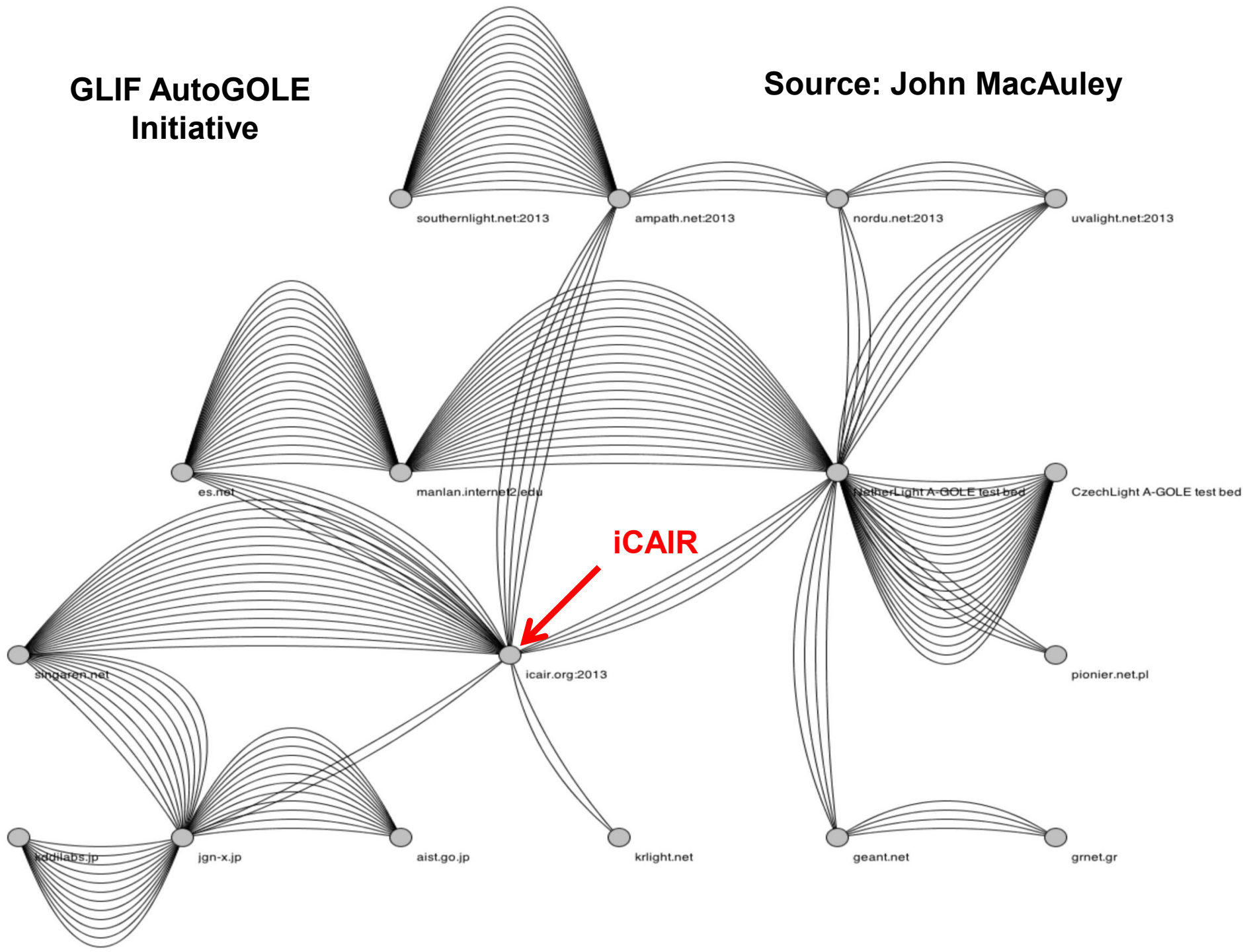


The Global Lambda Integrated Facility: a Global Programmable Resource

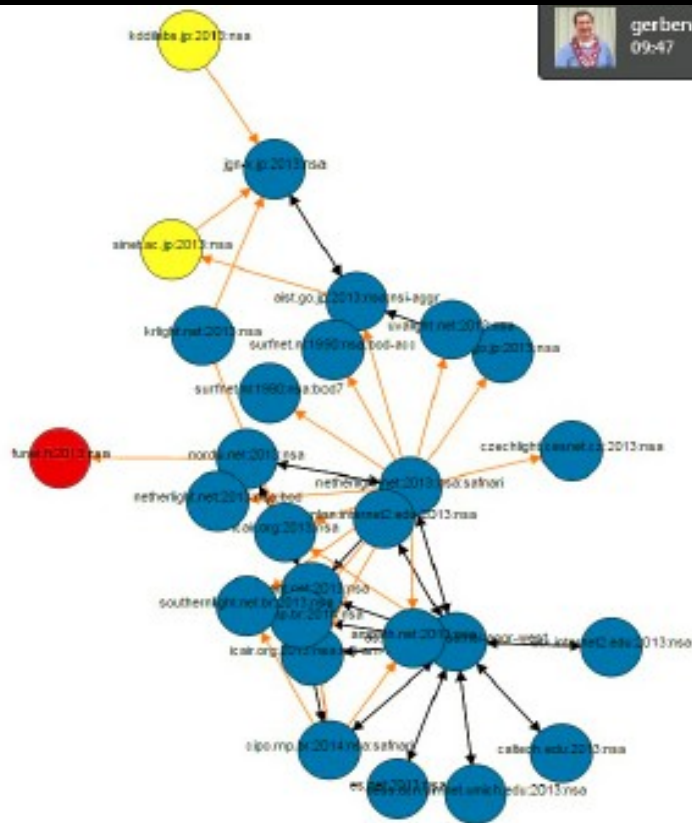


GLIF AutoGOLE Initiative

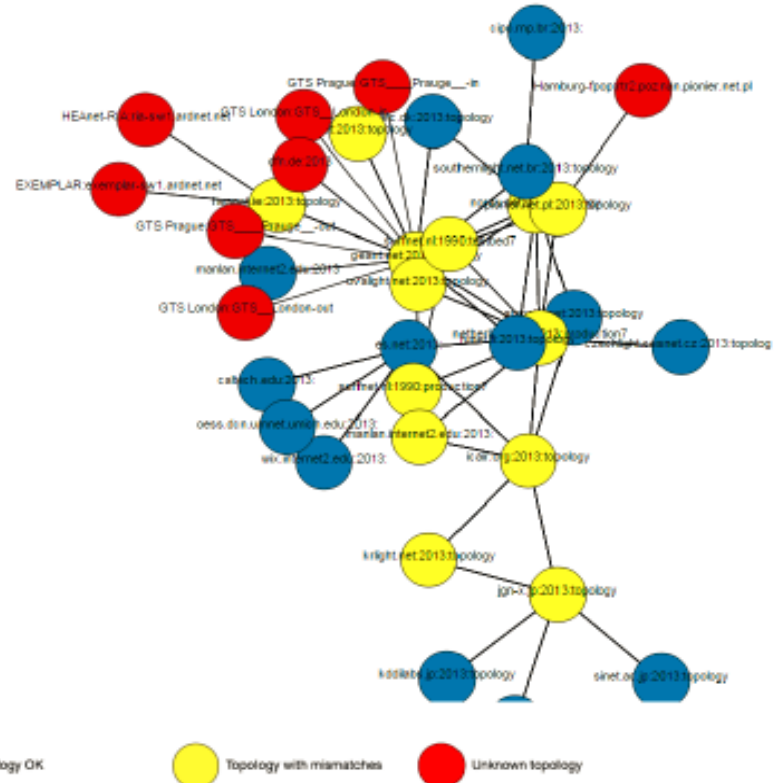
Source: John MacAuley



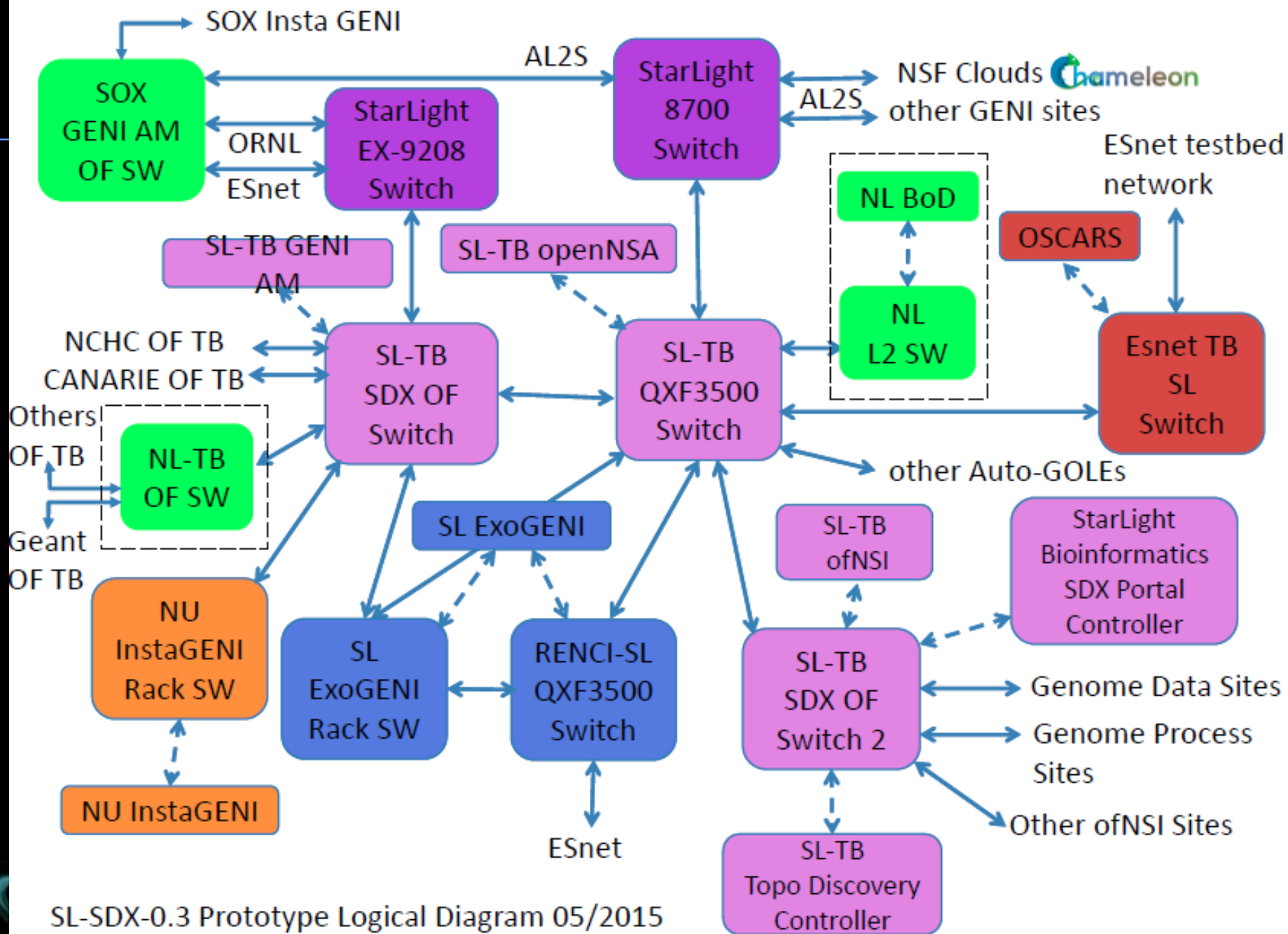
AutoGOLE Dashboard



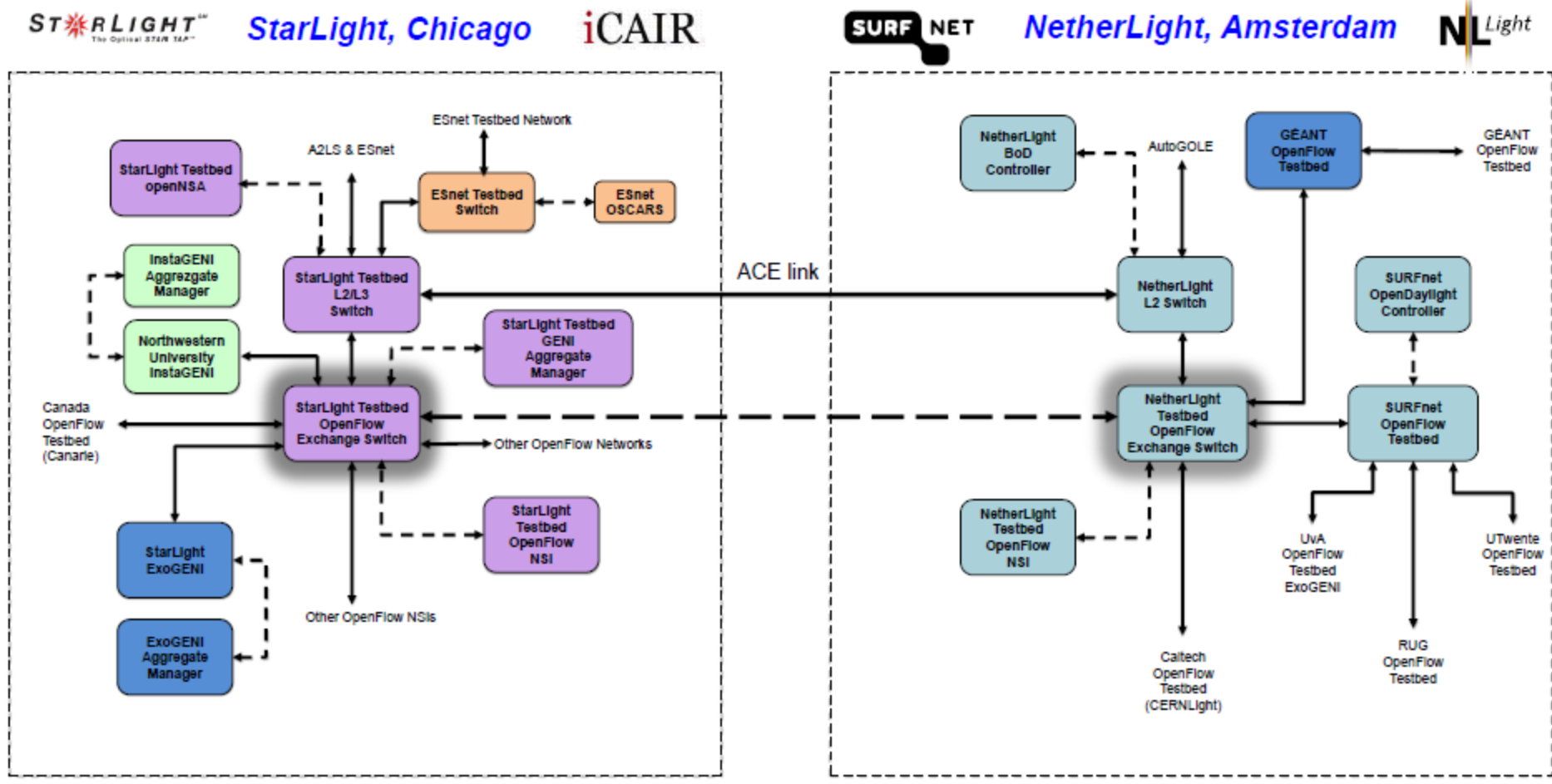
Control Plane



Data Plane



SDX StarLight⇔NetherLight



Ronald van der Pol, Joe Mambretti, Jim Chen, John Shillington

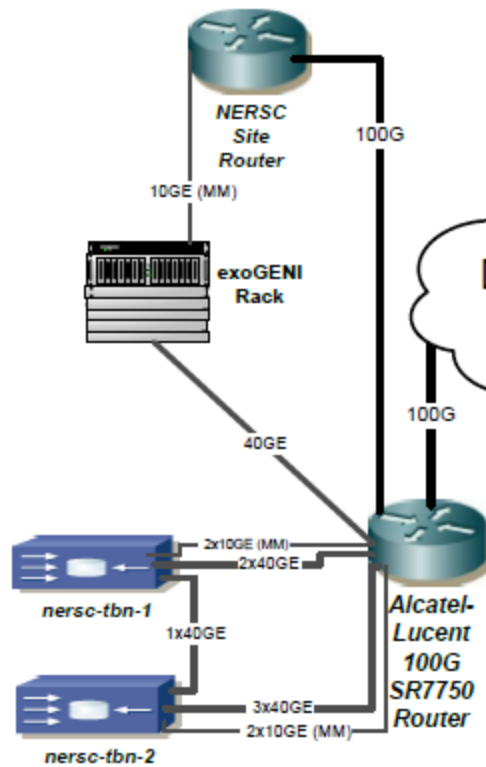
100G Component of Esnet SDN Testbed

NERSC

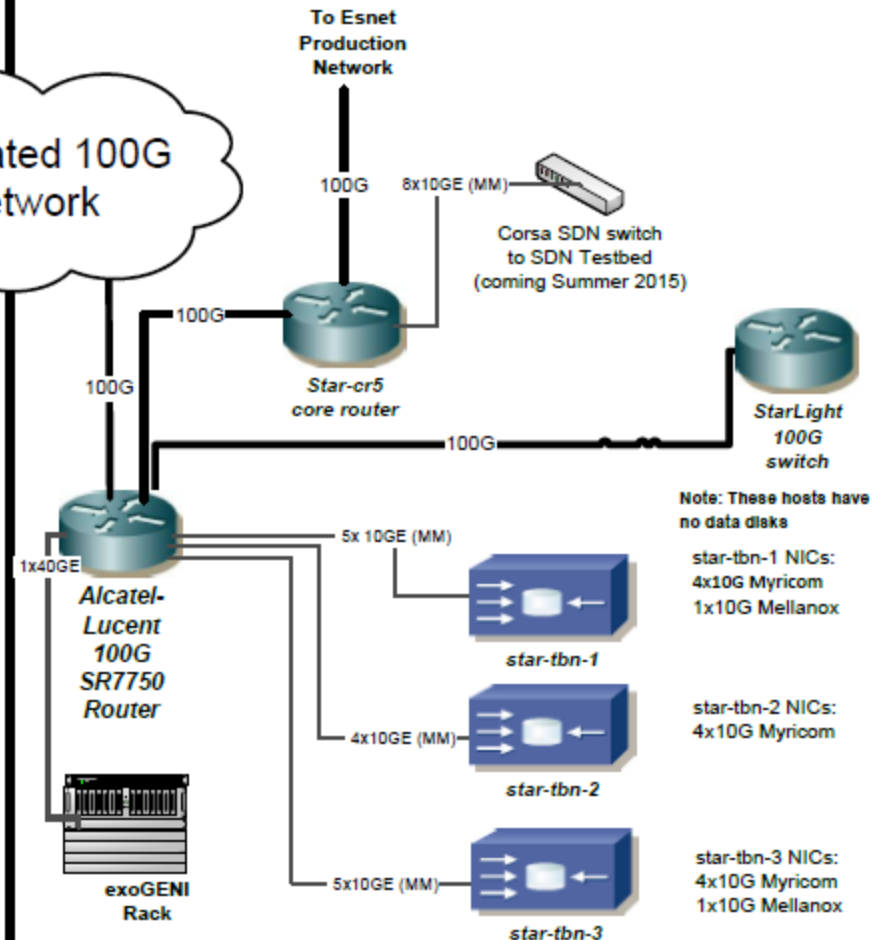
VLANS:
4012: All hosts
4020: Loop from NERSC to Chicago and back, all NERSC hosts

nersc-tbn-1 NICs:
2x40G Mellanox
1x40G Chelsio
2x10G Myricom
Disk: 24 HDDs

nersc-tbn-2 NICs:
4x40G Mellanox
1x40G Chelsio
2x10G Myricom
Disk: 24 SSDs



StarLight



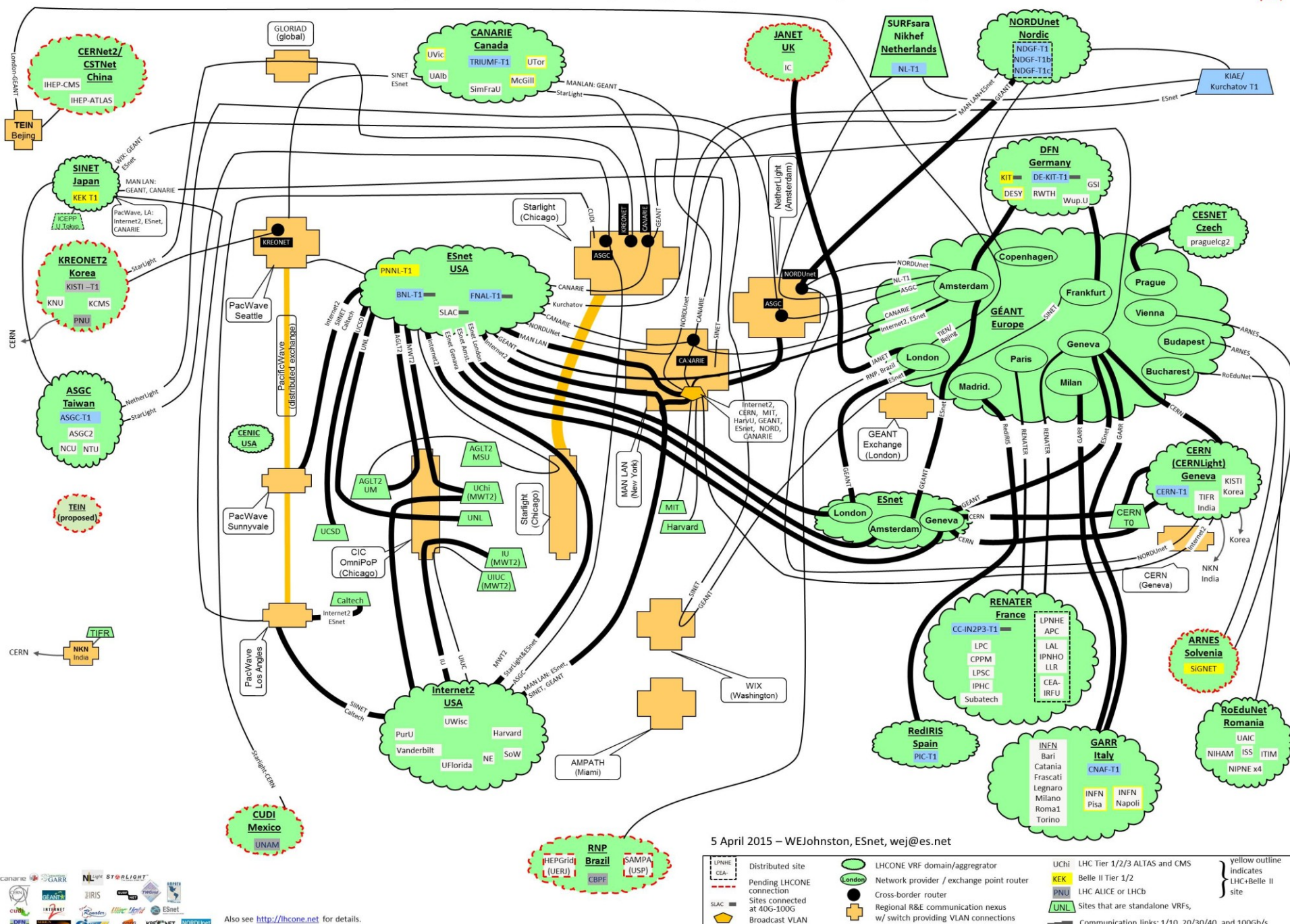
Note: These hosts have no data disks

star-tbn-1 NICs:
4x10G Myricom
1x10G Mellanox

star-tbn-2 NICs:
4x10G Myricom

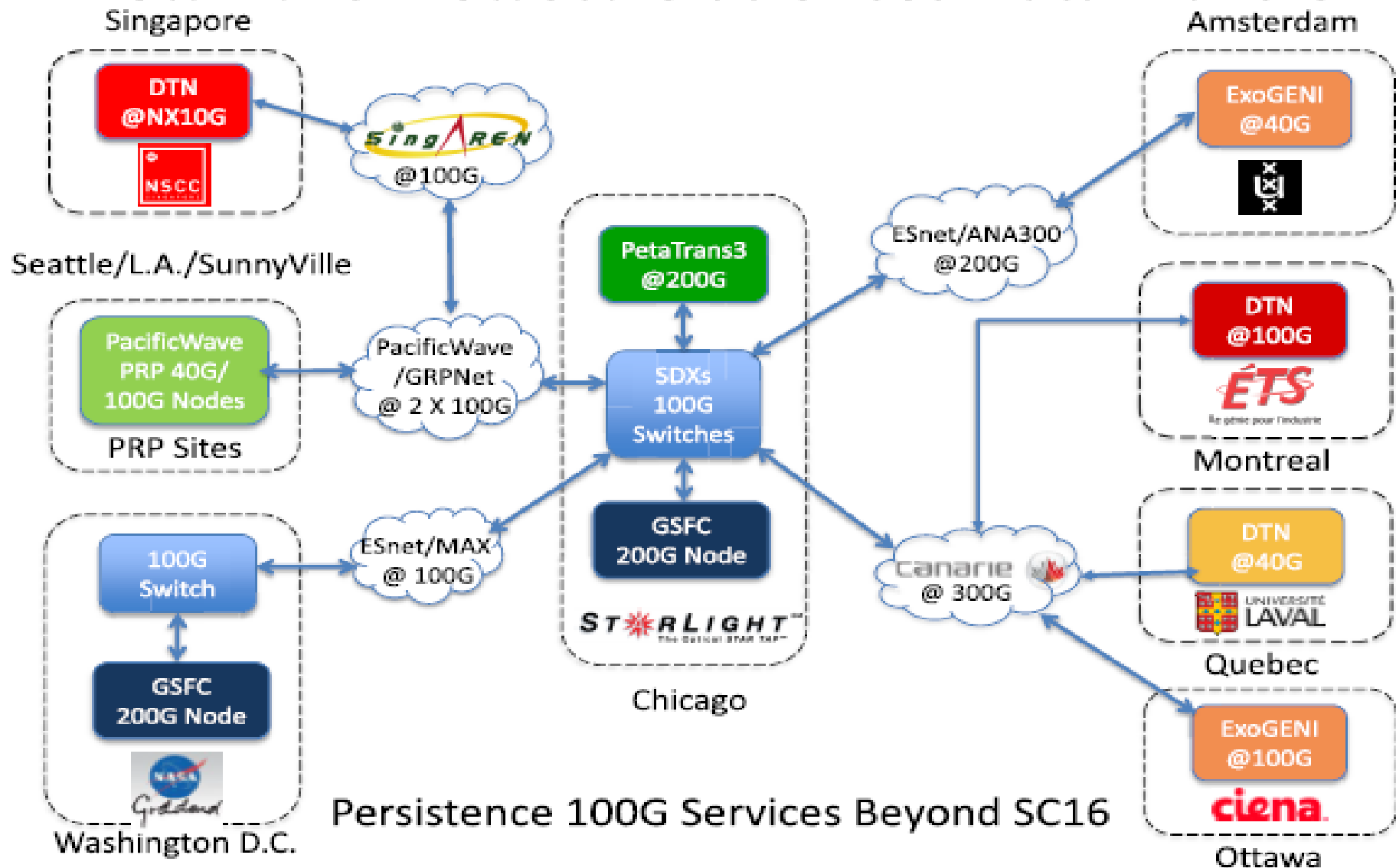
star-tbn-3 NICs:
4x10G Myricom
1x10G Mellanox

LHCONE: A global infrastructure for the High Energy Physics (LHC and Belle II) data management



Also see <http://lhcone.net> for details.

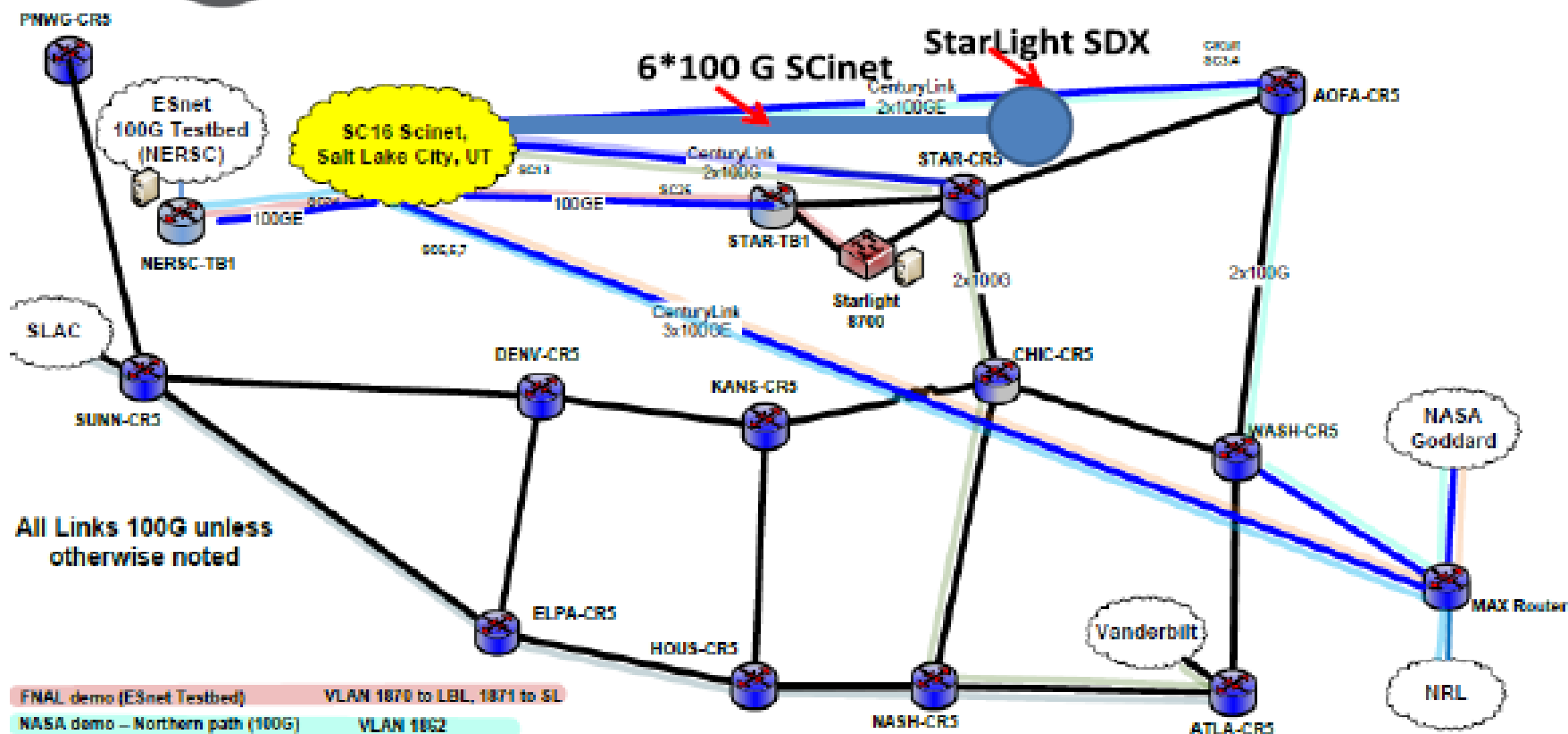
PetaTrans: Petascale Sciences Data Transfer





ESnet

ENERGY SCIENCES NETWORK



| | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| FNAL demo (ESnet Testbed) | VLAN 1870 to LBL, 1871 to SL |
| NASA demo – Northern path (100G) | VLAN 1862 |
| NASA demo – Southern path (100G) | VLAN 1864 |
| NRL demo (100G) | VLANs 1840-1849 |
| Aspera demo (100G loop) | VLAN 2034 |
| CalTech/Vanderbilt Demo (80G) | VLAN 2880 |
| SLAC Demo (loop) | VLAN 1760, 1701 |

SC16 demos – ESnet

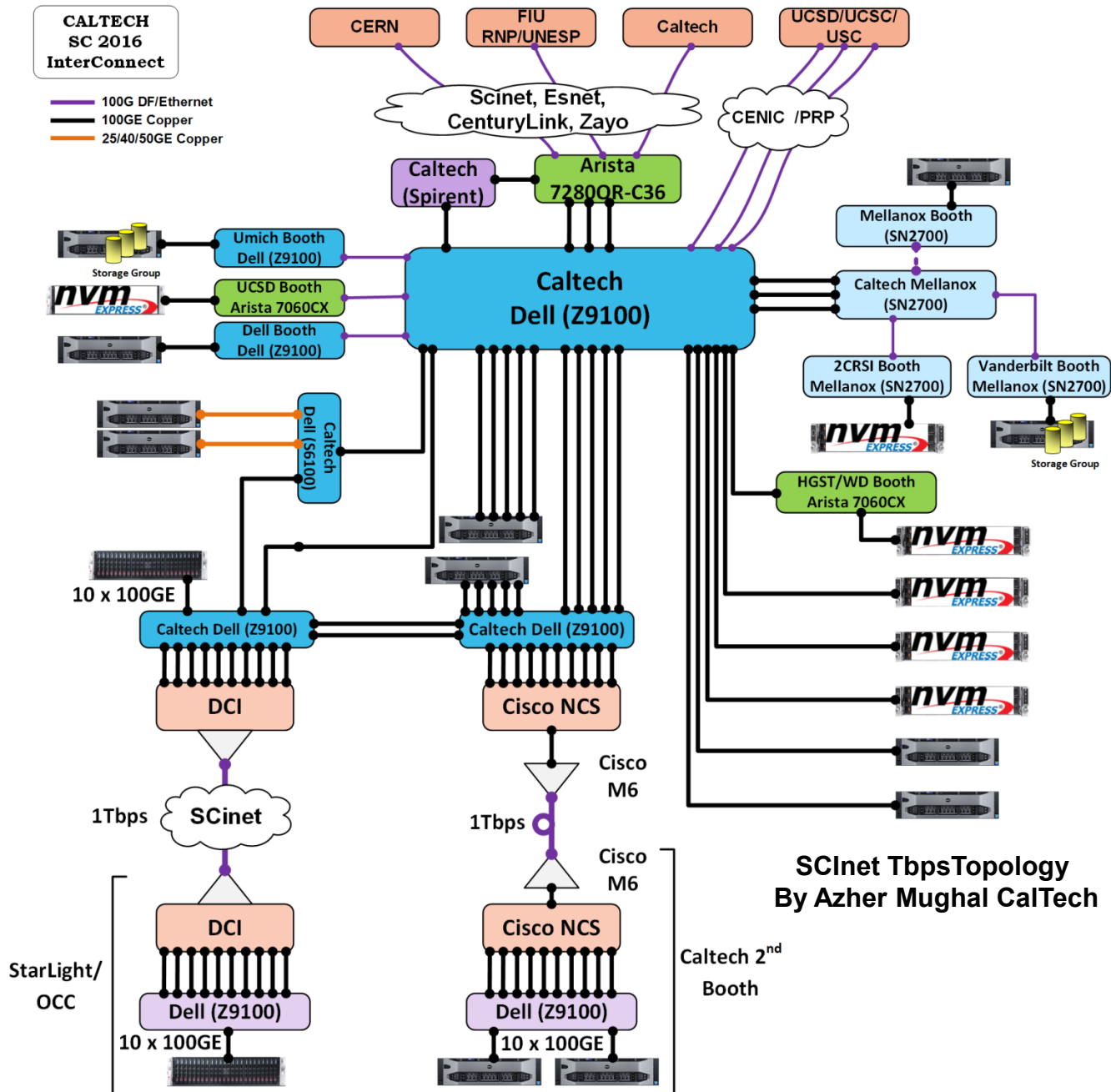
Brian Tierney, ESnet 10/28/2016

FILENAME SC16-DEMOS-V3.VSD

STARLIGHTSM

**CALTECH
SC 2016
InterConnect**

- 100G DF/Ethernet
- 100GE Copper
- 25/40/50GE Copper

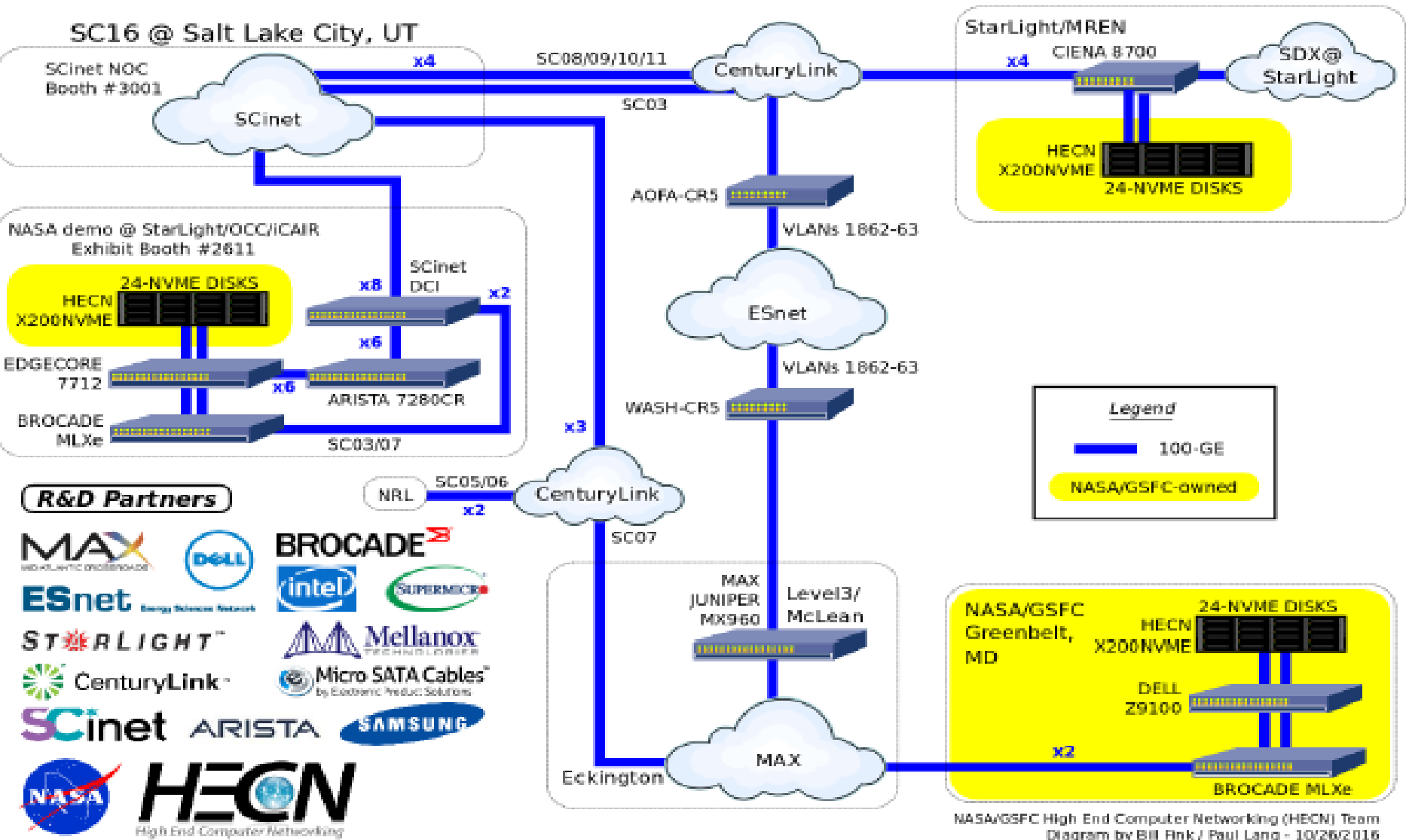


**SCInet TbpsTopology
By Azher Mughal CalTech**

SC16

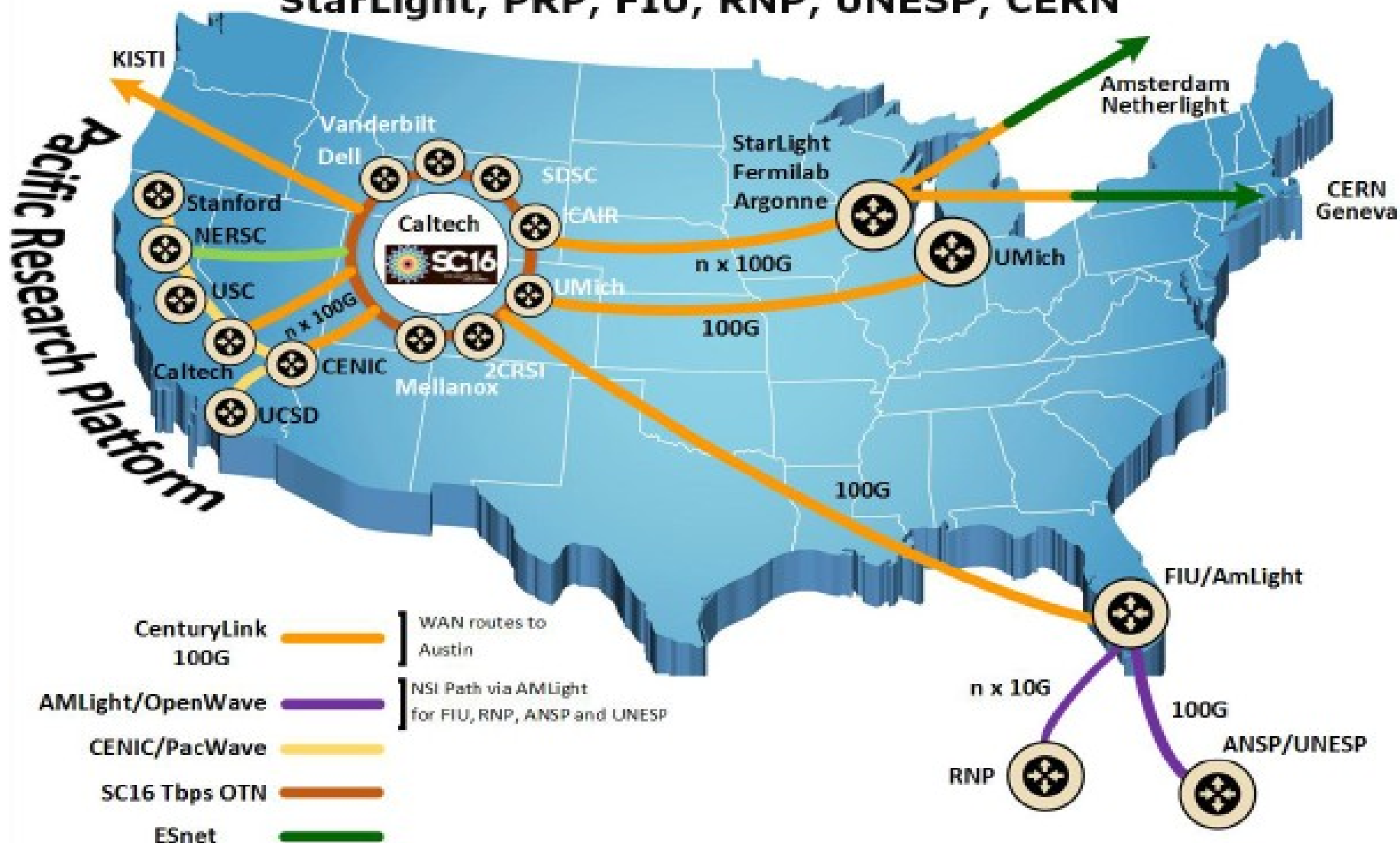
Demonstrations of 200 Gbps Disk-to-Disk WAN File Transfers using Parallelism across NVMe Drives

An SC16 Collaborative Initiative Among NASA and Several Partners

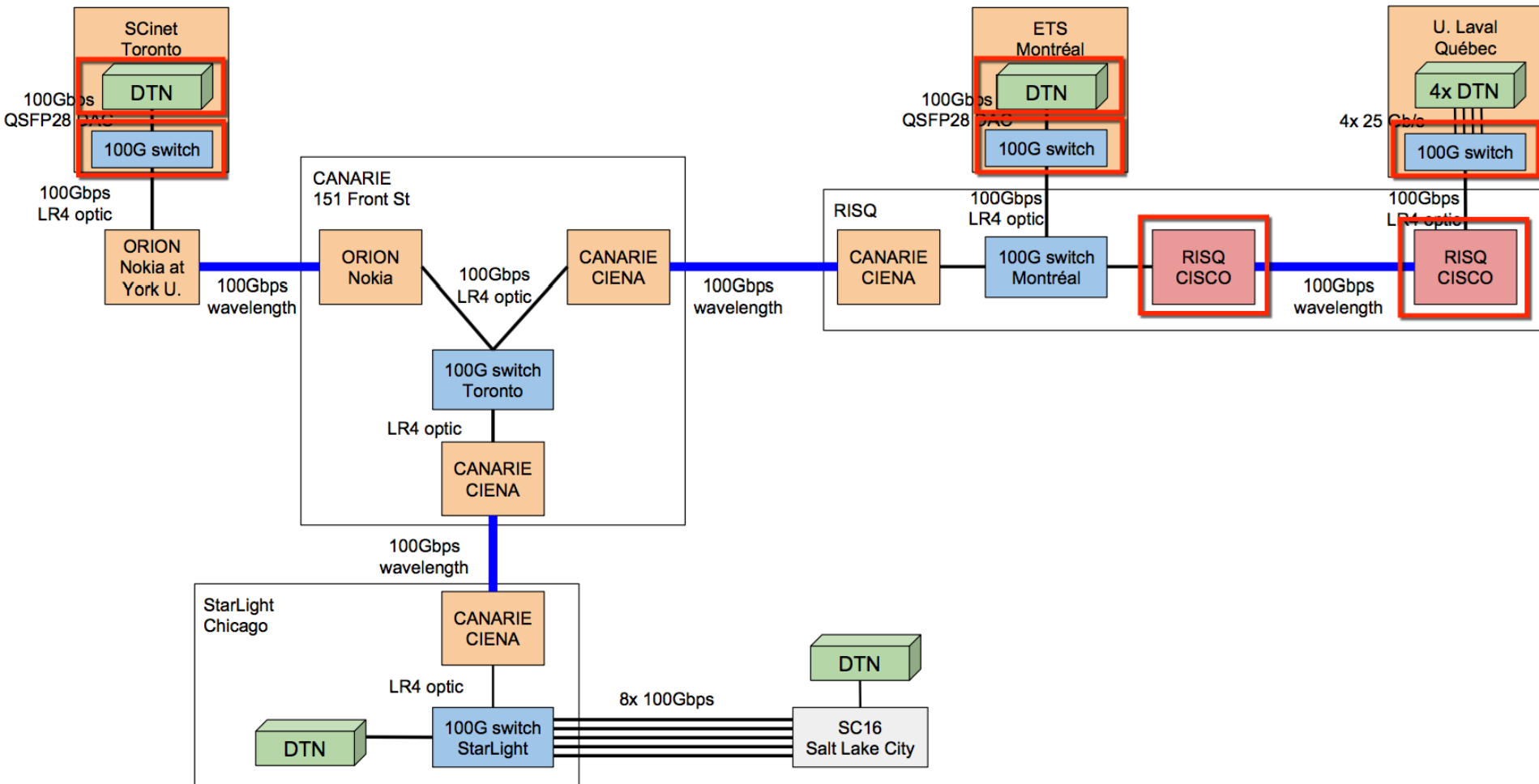


SC16 SDN-WAN Demonstration End-Points

Caltech, UM, Vanderbilt, UCSD, Dell, 2CRSI, KISTI, StarLight, PRP, FIU, RNP, UNESP, CERN

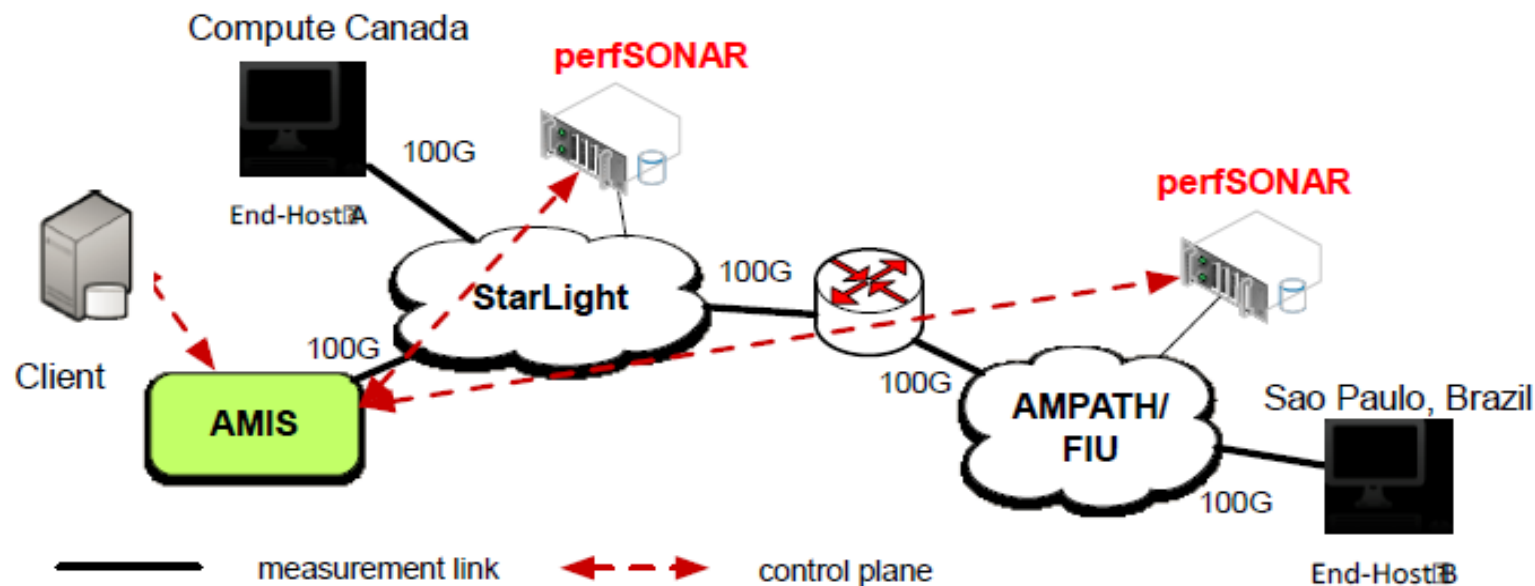


DTN Flows@100 Gbps=>Compute Canada⇔CANARIE⇔StarLight<+>SC16





Programmable Network Measurement of Data Intensive Flows on 100Gbps Networks



Demo1: Programmable Measurement with RESTful APIs

Demo2: Passive & Active Measurement (TCP window size)

Demo3: Passive & Active Measurement (TCP packet loss)

RNC AMIS Team: Yan Luo, PI, University of Massachusetts Lowell; Gabriel Ghinita, Co-PI, University of Massachusetts Boston; Cody Bumgardner, Co-PI, University of Kentucky; Michael McGarry, Co-PI, University of Texas El Paso. Contact: Yan_Luo@uml.edu

Collaborators: Jeo Mambretti, Jim Chen and Fei Yeh, StarLight/iCAIR/Northwestern University; Jeronimo Bezerra, AMPATH/Florida International University



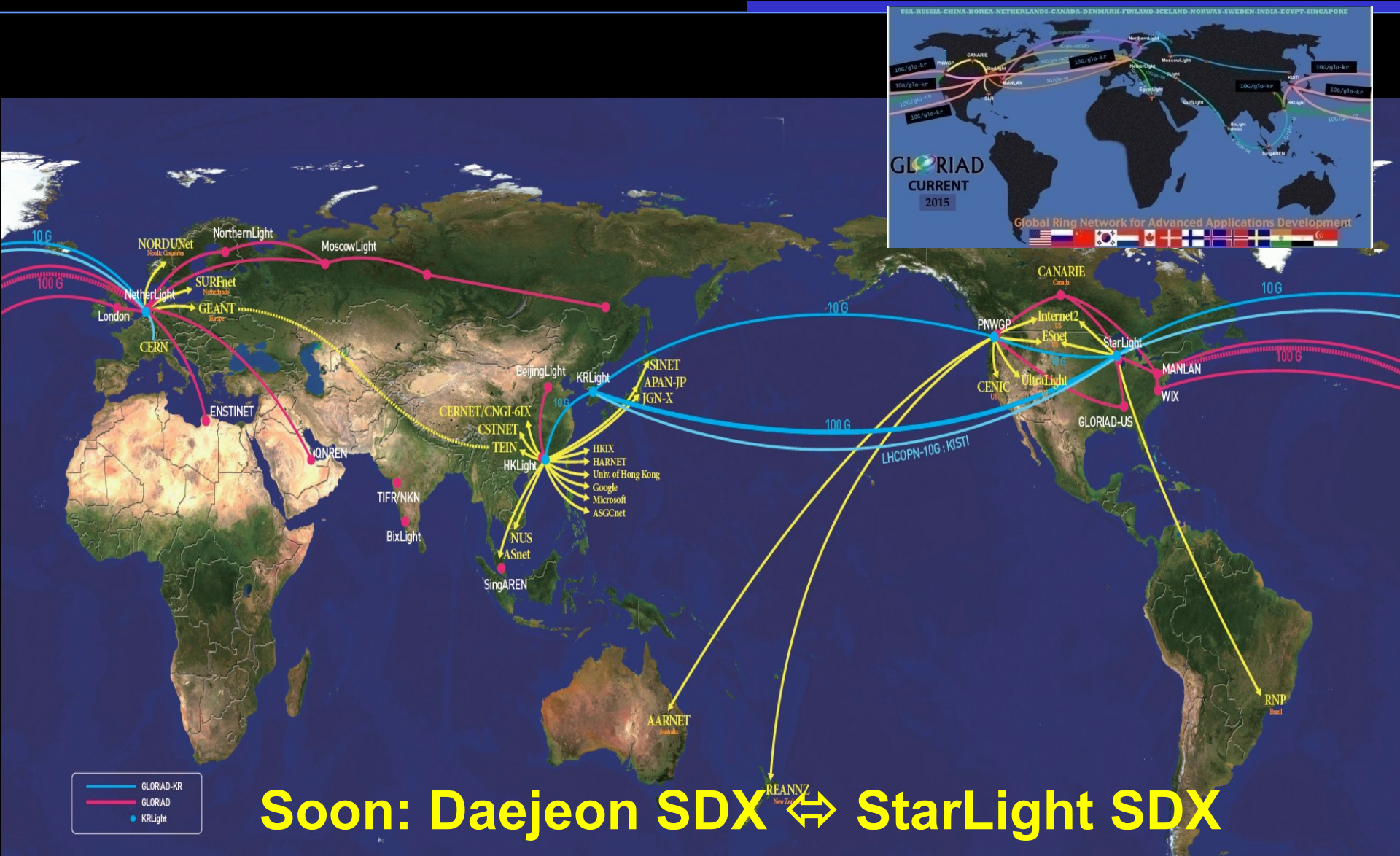
Northwestern
University



STARLIGHT

KREONet2 and GLORIAD-KR

KISTI Daejeon \Leftrightarrow 100 G \Leftrightarrow StarLight





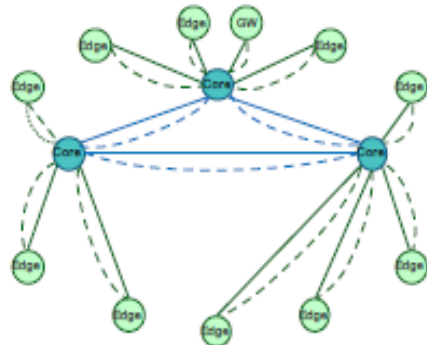
Nationwide 100 Gbps and Minimized Latency

- ◆ SINET5 will be a nationwide 100-Gbps backbone network using 100-Gigabit Ethernet technology and connect each pair of nodes with a minimized latency.

SINET4

- Star-like topology
- Resource-consuming secondary circuits

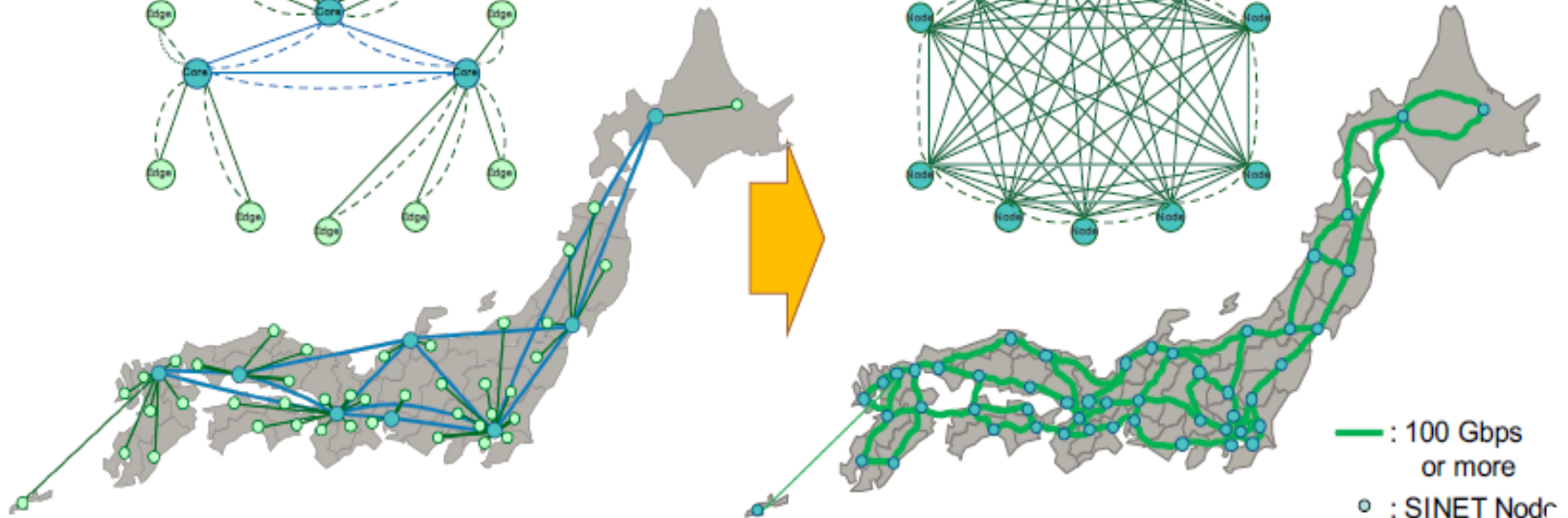
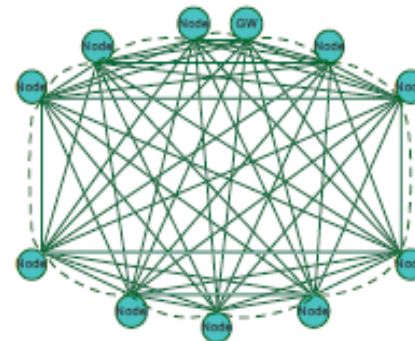
— : Leased Line (Primary Circuit)
- - : Leased Line (Secondary Circuit)



SINET5

- Fully-meshed topology with redundancy
- Non-resource-consuming secondary paths

— : MPLS-TP Path (Primary)
- - : MPLS-TP Path (Secondary)



A*STAR Singapore

- Singapore Supercomputing Center
DTN ↔ SingAREN ↔ PacWavw ↔ GRPnet ↔
StarLight DTN ↔ SC16
- 50-60 Gbps





Beyond Today's Internet Experiencing a Smart Future



Prototype SDX Bioinformatics Exchange: Demonstrating an Essential Use-Case for Personalized Medicine

Robert Grossman, Piers Nash, Allison
Heath, Renuka Arya
University of Chicago

Joe Mambretti, Jim Chen
Northwestern University

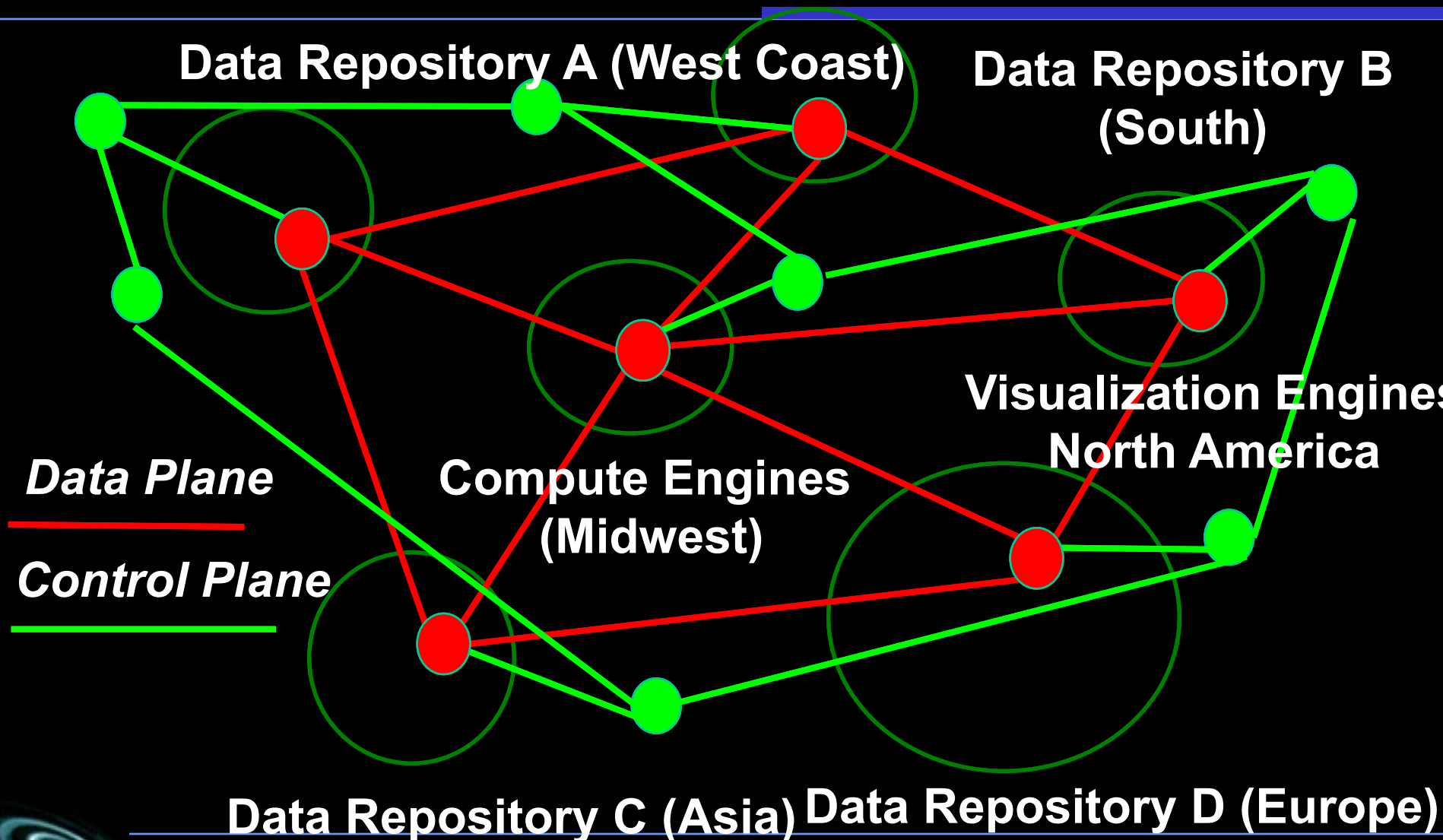


THE UNIVERSITY OF
CHICAGO
MEDICINE

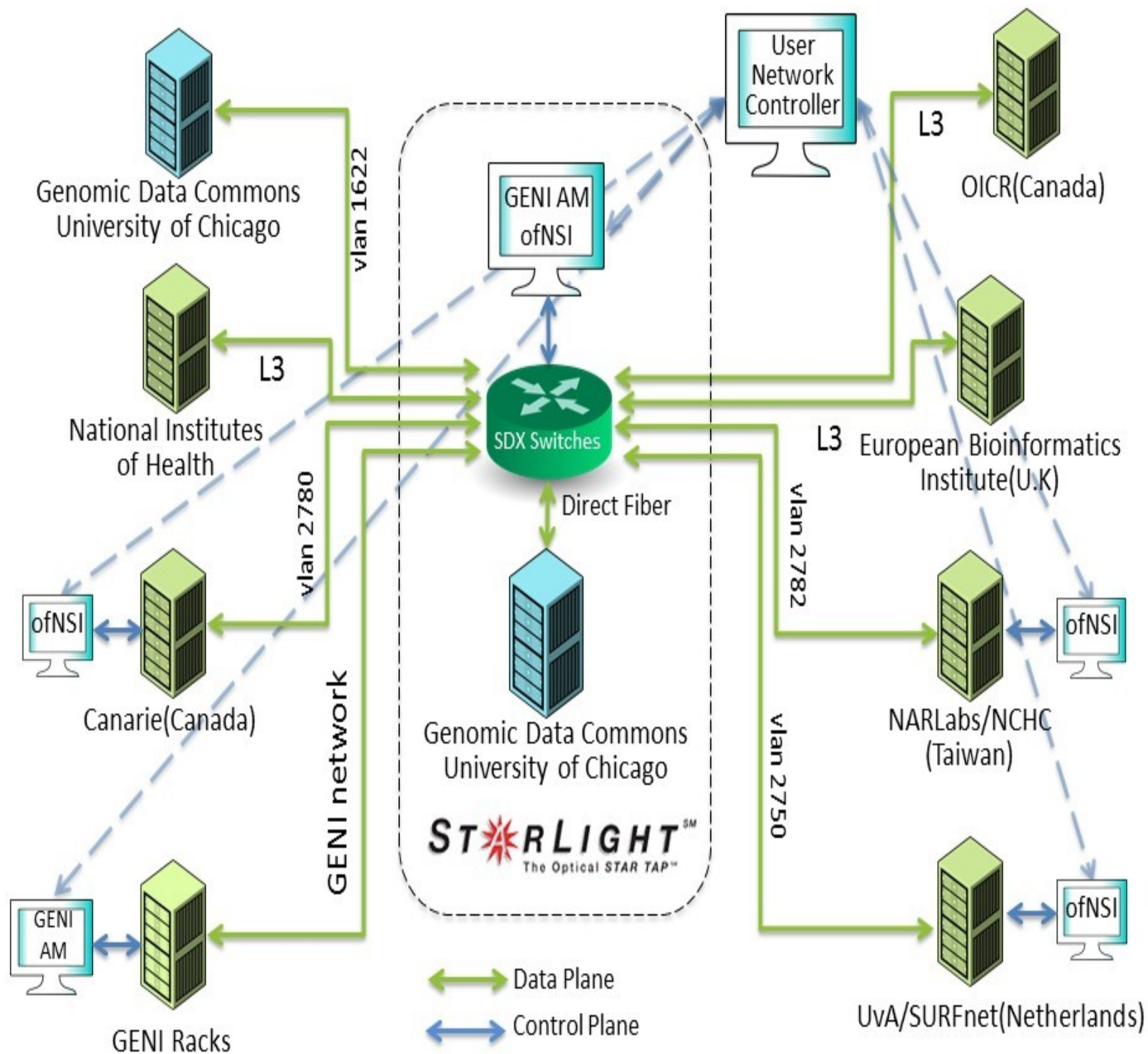


NORTHWESTERN
UNIVERSITY

Biomedical Data Commons: Flow Orchestration: Control Plane + Data Plane



GEC22 Bioinformatics SDXs Demo Network





www.chameleoncloud.org

An Experimental Testbed For Computer Science Research

CHAMELEON:

A LARGE-SCALE, RECONFIGURABLE EXPERIMENTAL
ENVIRONMENT FOR CLOUD RESEARCH

Principal Investigator: Kate Keahey

Co-PIs: J. Mambretti, D.K. Panda, P. Rad, W. Smith, D. Stanzione

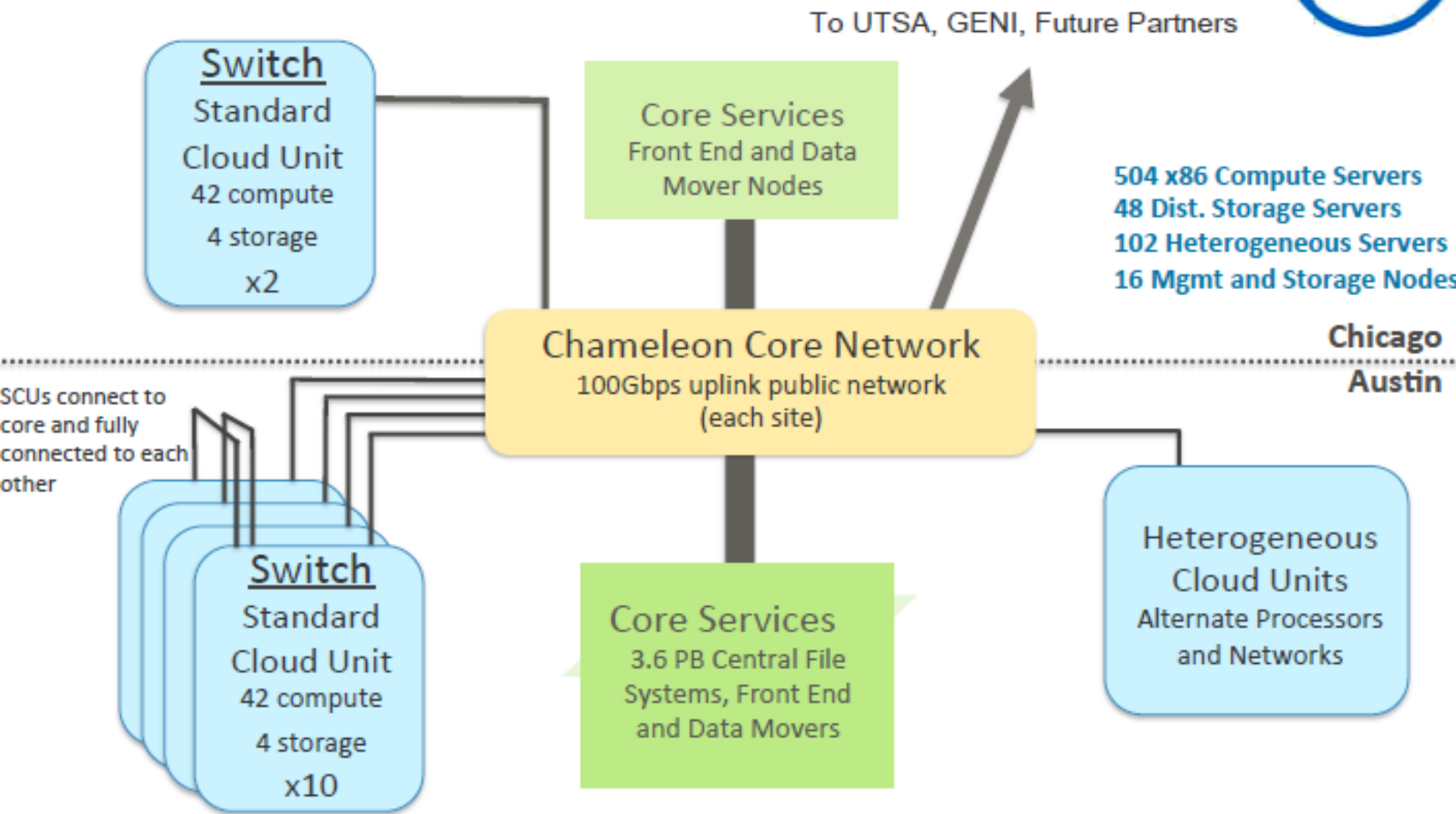
**Another
SDX Opportunity and Model For “Tenant” Networking –
Experimenters As Tenants**

AUGUST 29, 2014

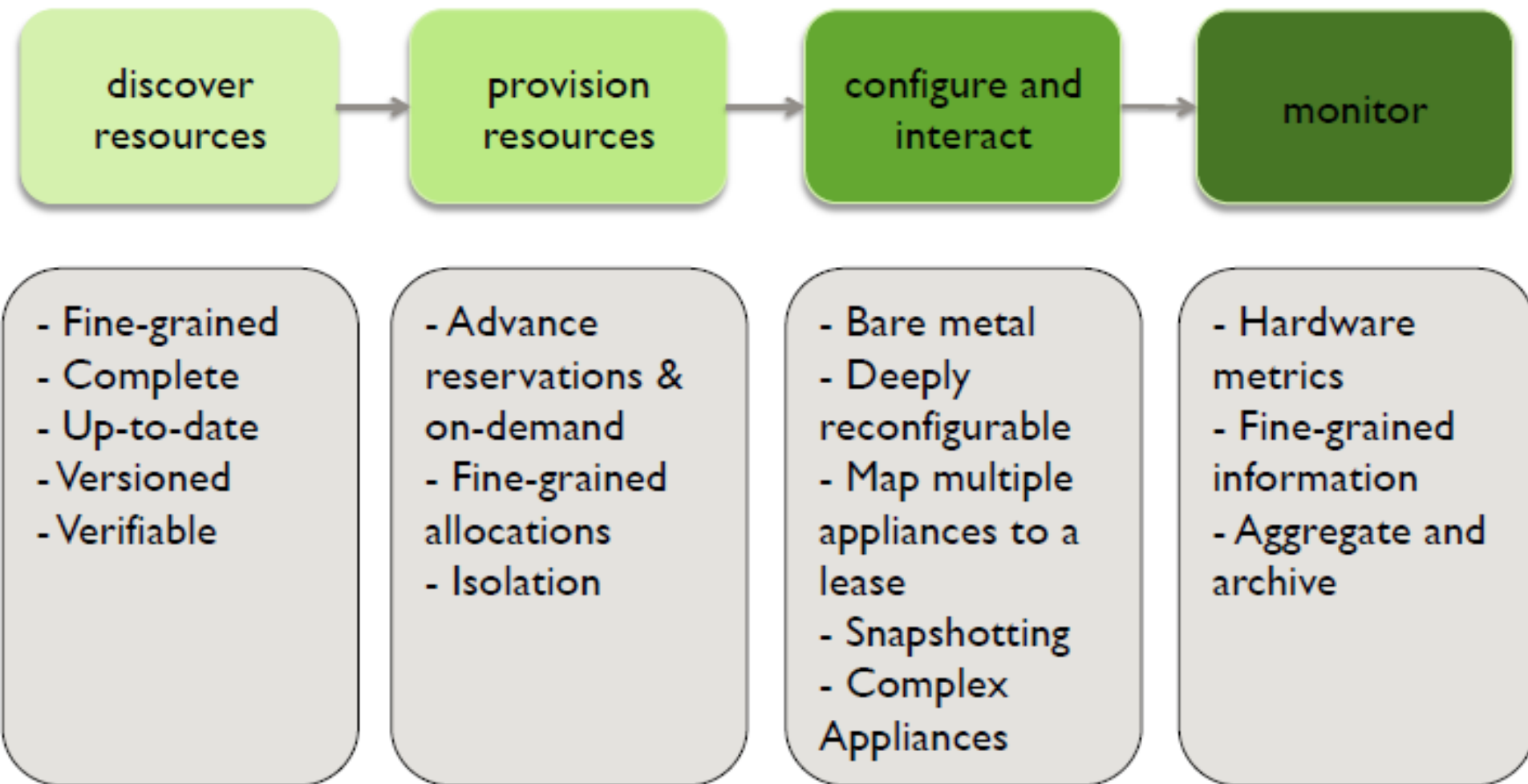




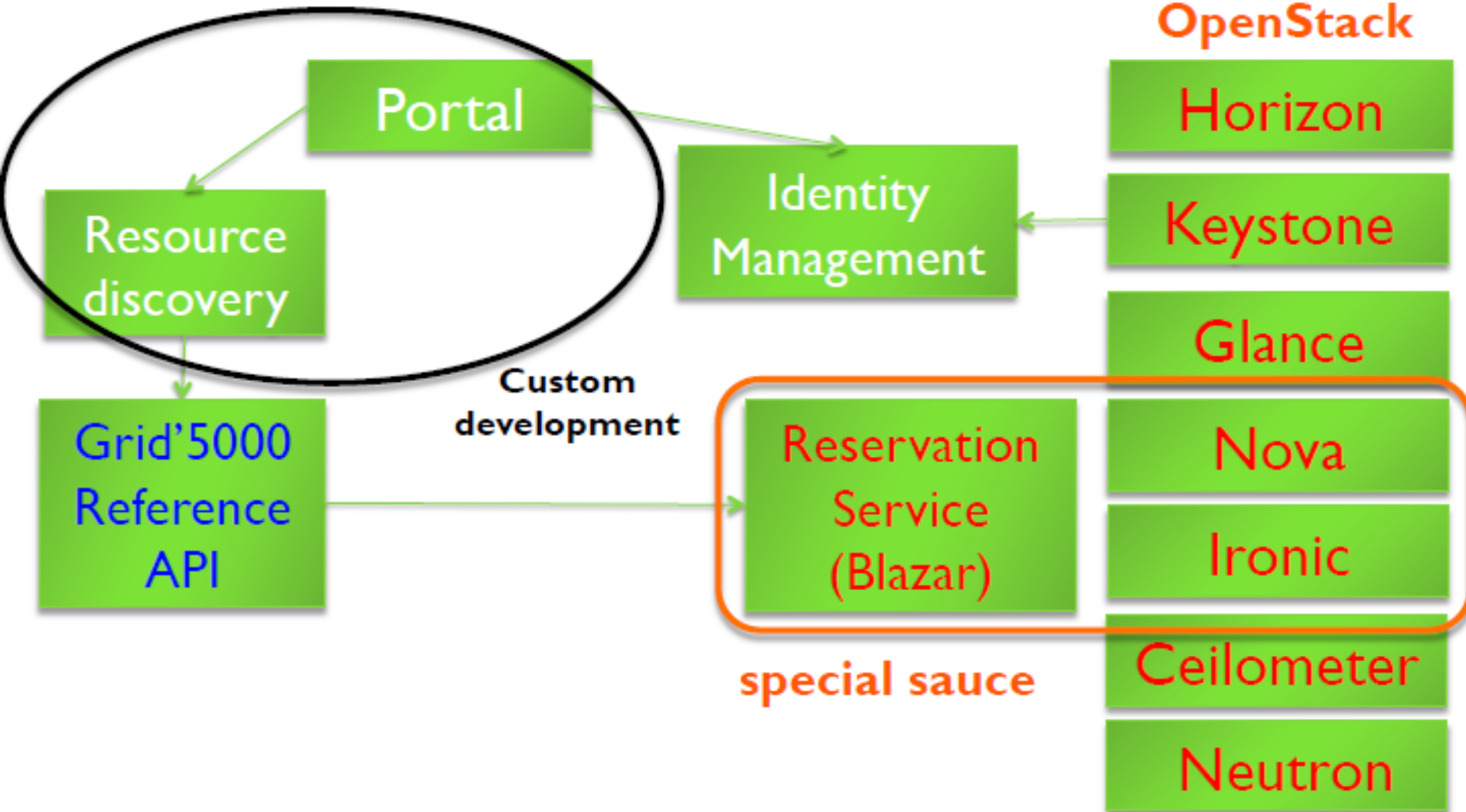
CHAMELEON HARDWARE



IMPLEMENTING THE EXPERIMENTAL WORKFLOW



CHI: OVERALL ARCHITECTURE

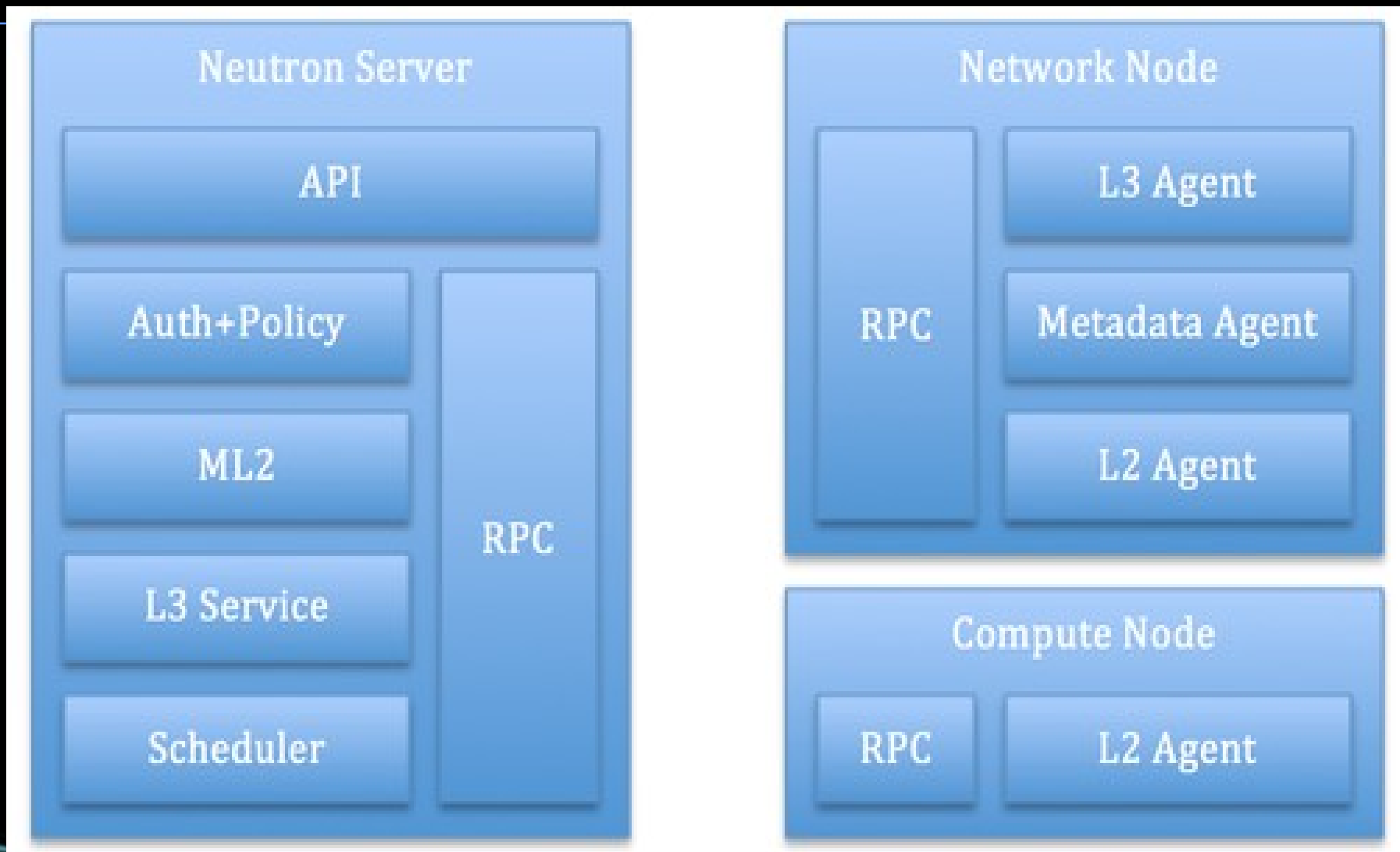


Chameleon and OpenStack Net API

- **The Chameleon Network Control API Is the OpenStack Network API -- Neutron, A Cloud Networking Controller And a Networking-as-a-Service (NaaS) Platform.**
- **The Implementation Includes Chameleon Enhancements, e.g., Pre-Set Network Configurations that Experimenters Can Select, Implement, and Toggle Among.**
- **Options The Control Plane Can Support Include Standard Routing Services, Pre-configured VLANs, Extensible VXLANs, Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE), and OpenFlow with Hybrid Networking.**
- **Because of the Address Limitations of VLANs (~4k), the VXLAN Encapsulation Protocol Architecture Is Important To Multi-Tenant Cloud Providers, Especially For SDN, Because It Extends the Address Space To 16 million With a 24-bit Segment ID, Enabling Provisioning of Large Numbers of Overlay Networks On Shared Infrastructure.**



Open Stack SW Architecture For Neutron Reference Platform



Neutron

- **Neutron Provides APIs (Via Dashboard Web-Based GUI), interfaces to Devices (e.g., Routers, Switches, virtual routers, virtual switches, and SDN Controllers), And Policy Based Control Software Components.**
- **Neutron Enables Networks To Be Created and Managed Within IaaS Platforms, e.g., L2 Paths, Routed L3 Paths, IP address Management Processes, and Gateways Through Which It is Possible To Interconnect With External Networks.**
- **Minimal Neutron Implementation includes At Least One Controller Node (w/ At Least 1 Network Interface On The Management Plane), One Network Node, and One Compute Node.**



Options For Bare Metal Integration With Tenant Networks

- **For Some Services and Applications, VMs Alone Do Not Provide All Capabilities Required, Especially Services Requiring Exceptionally High Performance.**
- **OpenStack Supports Bare Metal Implementations Through the Ironic Environment, Which Can Be Used To Establish, Configure, and Use Bare Metal Nodes.**
- **This Option Requires a Network That Connects to a Boot Image Server That Can Support a PXE Boot Function Over The Network and Other Services, From Neutron, to Configure Bare Metal Nodes.**
- **The Ironic Process Creates a Flat Network, a Single VLAN, Among Bare Metal Nodes.**
- **Chameleon Is Building On This By Developing Options For Network Isolation For Bare Metal Nodes.**

Extending Tenant Networks Through Federation

- **Tenant Networks Are Not Only Implemented In Cloud Facilities, And Among Cloud Facilities**
- **They Must Be Extended To Multiple External Sites – Across Multiple Domains – Across The US and Internationally**
- **Creating Global Private Networks Enhanced Through Federation**
- **E.g., GENI Has Been Federated With the Future Internet Research and Experimentation (FIRE), With the Smart Applications On Virtual Environments (SAVI) Testbed, with NSFCloud Testbeds, and the International GENI.**



IRNC: RXP: StarLight SDX A Software Defined Networking Exchange for Global Science Research and Education

Joe Mambretti, Director, (j-mambretti@northwestern.edu)

International Center for Advanced Internet Research (www.icaair.org)

Northwestern University

Director, Metropolitan Research and Education Network (www.mren.org)

Co-Director, StarLight (www.startap.net/starlight)

PI IRNC: RXP: StarLight SDX

Co-PI Tom DeFanti, Research Scientist, (tdefanti@soe.ucsd.edu)

California Institute for Telecommunications and Information Technology (Calit2),

University of California, San Diego

Co-Director, StarLight

Co-PI Maxine Brown, Director, (maxine@uic.edu)

Electronic Visualization Laboratory, University of Illinois at Chicago

Co-Director, StarLight

Jim Chen, Associate Director, International Center for Advanced Internet

Research, Northwestern University

National Science Foundation

International Research Network Connections Program

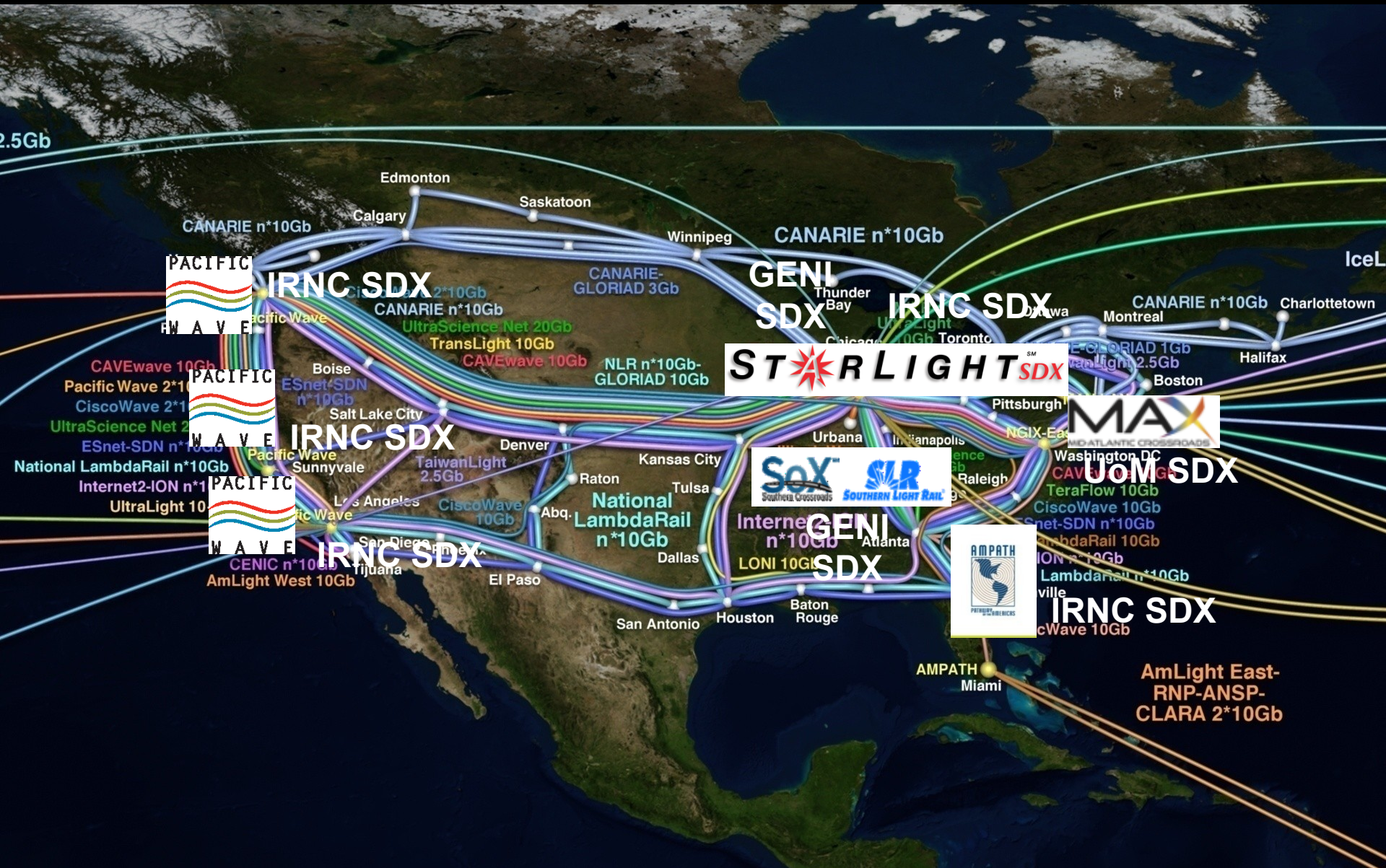
Workshop

Chicago, Illinois

May 15, 2015



Planned US SDX Interoperable Fabric



Next Step: Global Research Platform Building on CENIC/Pacific Wave and GLIF

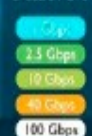


INTERNATIONAL PEERING EXCHANGE



Current
International
GRP Partners

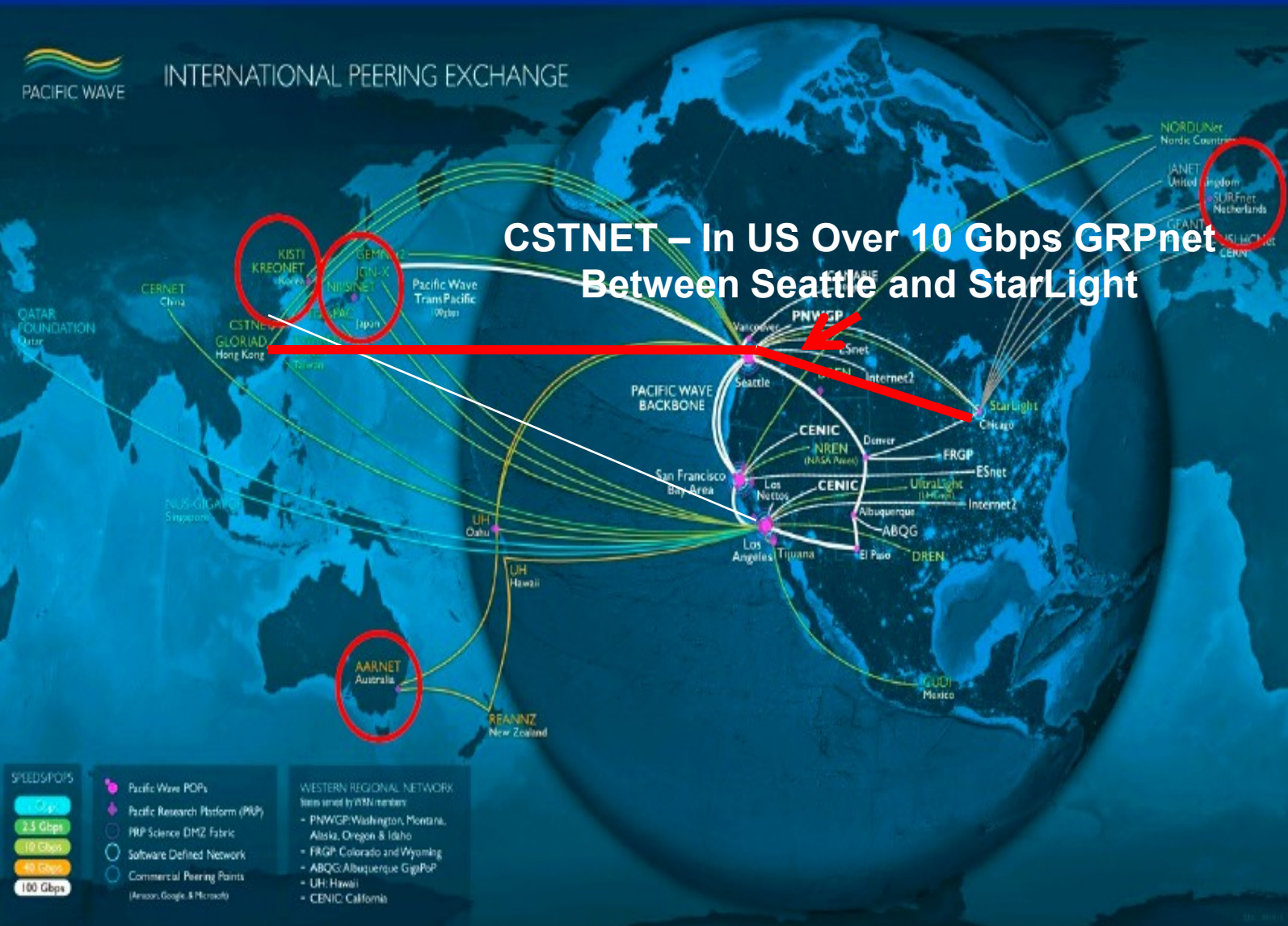
SPEEDS/POPS



- Pacific Wave POPs
- Pacific Research Platform (PRP)
- PRP Science DMZ Fabric
- Software Defined Network
- Commercial Peering Points (Amazon, Google, & Microsoft)

- WESTERN REGIONAL NETWORK
Nodes served by WRM members:
- PNWGP: Washington, Montana, Alaska, Oregon & Idaho
 - FRGP: Colorado and Wyoming
 - ABQG: Albuquerque GigaPop
 - UH: Hawaii
 - CENIC: California

Next Step: Global Research Platform Building on CENIC/Pacific Wave and GLIF



Global Research Platform

- A Emerging International Fabric
- A Specialized Globally Distributed Platform For Science Discovery and Innovation
- Based On State-Of-the-Art-Clouds
- Interconnected With Computational Grids, Supercomputing Centers, Specialized Instruments, et al
- Also, Based On World-Wide 100 Gbps Networks
- Leveraging Advanced Architectural Concepts, e.g., SDN/SDX/SDI – Science DMZs
- Ref: 1st Demonstrations @ SC15, Austin Texas November 2015
- Subsequent Demonstrations @ SC16 Salt Lake City Utah, November 2016
- ***New=> Global Research Platform 100 Gbps Network (GRPnet) On Private Optical Fiber Between PacificWave and StarLight via the PNWGP***

[**www.startap.net/starlight**](http://www.startap.net/starlight)

**Thanks to the NSF, DOE, DARPA
Universities, National Labs,
International Partners,
and Other Supporters**



STARLIGHTSM