

FABRIC Research Infrastructure Status, Features, Uses Cases

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What is FABRIC?

FABRIC enables a completely new paradigm for distributed applications and Internet protocols and services:

- A nation-wide programmable network testbed with significant compute and storage at each node, allowing users to run computationally intensive programs and applications and protocols to maintain a lot of information in the network.
- Provides GPUs, FPGAs, and network processors (NICs) inside the network.
- Supports quality of service (QoS) using dedicated optical 100G links or dedicated capacity
- Interconnects national facilities: HPC centers, cloud & wireless testbeds, commercial clouds, the Internet, and edge nodes at universities and labs.
- Allows you to design and test applications, protocols and services that run at any node in the network, not just the edge or cloud.



Why FABRIC?

- The mantra of the last 20 years 'Internet is showing its age.'
 - Applications designed around discrete points in the solution space
 - Inability to program the core of the network
- What changed?
 - Cheap compute/storage that can be put directly in the network
 - Multiple established methods of programmability (OpenFlow, P4, eBPF, DPDK, BGP flowspec)
 - Advances in Machine Learning/AI
 - Emergence of 5G, IoT, various flavors of cloud technologies
- Opportunity for the community to push the boundaries of distributed, stateful, 'everywhere' programmable infrastructure
 - More control or dataplane state, or some combination? Multiple architectures (co)exist in this space.
 - Network as a big-data instrument? Autonomous network control?
 - New protocols and applications that program the network?
 - Security as an integral component

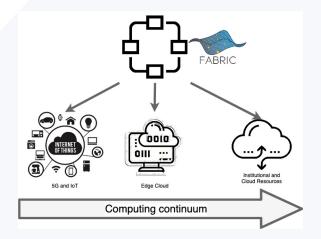


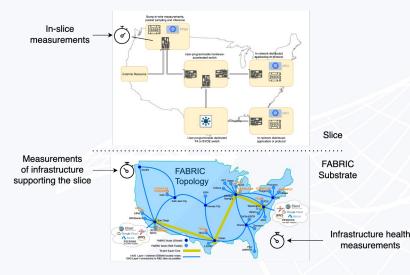
Key FABRIC features

- Network as part of computing continuum
 - 'Everywhere-programmable' using different abstractions (P4, OpenFlow, others)
 - Diverse compute, storage capabilities in places where routers typically reside today
 - Dedicated 100G optical links between many sites
 - Support new paradigms in network aware applications and protocols
 - Ability to peer with Internet
- Network as a <u>scientific instrument</u>
 - Pervasive measurement collection capabilities in- and outside the slice available to researchers
 - GPS-disciplined PTP clock sources at every site
- Serve a broad range of scientific domains and applications
 - Concerned with data transport for big-data science, cybersecurity, terrestrial and 5G hybrid network architectures,

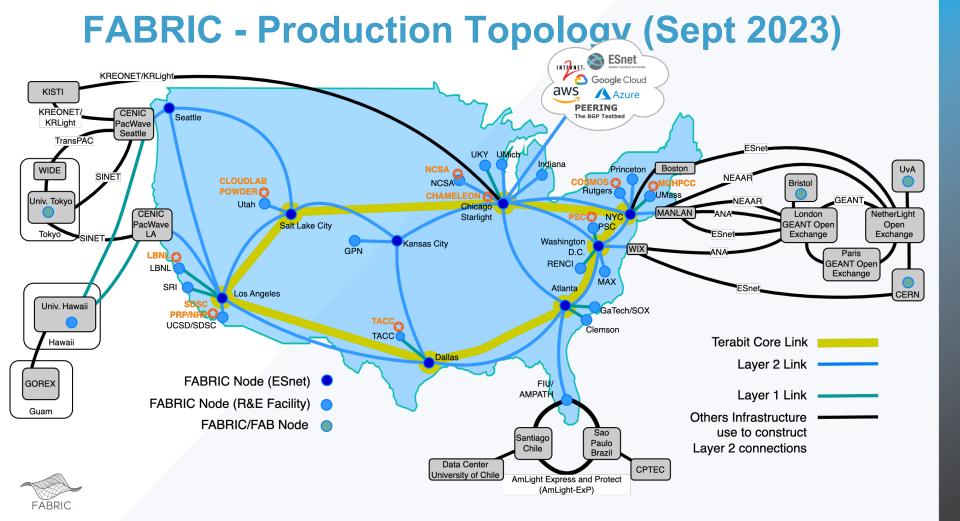
federated ML/AI, Internet measurements and many more











Overview

- 33 FABRIC Nodes
- 9 nodes co-located at ESnet6 Points of Presence
 - Connected via dedicated 100 Gbps DWDM across the ESnet6 openline optical system; some sites to be upgraded to Terabit SuperCore soon
- 20 other nodes distributed across the R&E community at various regional networks, major cyberinfrastructure facilities, and university hosting sites
 - many connected via 100 Gbps Layer 1
- 4 Nodes deployed at International Locations (CERN, University of Amsterdam, University of Bristol, University of Tokyo)

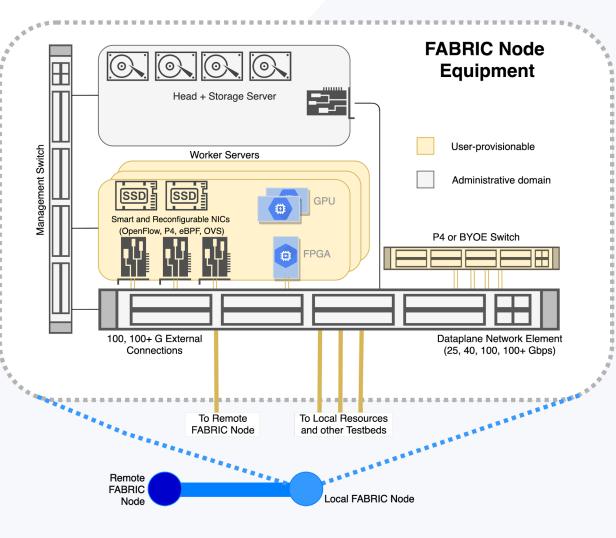


FABRIC Nodes - Network, Compute, Storage

- Interpose compute and storage into the path of fast packet flows
- Rack of high-performance servers (Dell 7525) with:
 - 2x32-core AMD Rome and Milan with 512G RAM
 - GPUs (NVIDIA RTX 6000, T4, <u>A30</u>), FPGA network/compute accelerators
 - Storage experimenter provisionable 1TB NVMe drives in servers and a pool of ~250TB rotating storage at each site.
 - Network ports connect to a 100G+ switch, programmable through control software
 - Tofino-based P4 switches (4 or more sites)
- Reconfigurable Network Interface Cards
 - FPGAs (U280 XILINX with P4 support)
 - Mellanox ConnectX-5 and ConnectX-6 with hardware off-load
 - Multiple interface speeds (25G, 100G, 200G+(future)
- Kernel Bypass/Hardware Offload
 - VMs sized to support full-rate DPDK for access to Programmable NICs, FPGA, and GPU resources via PCI pass-through



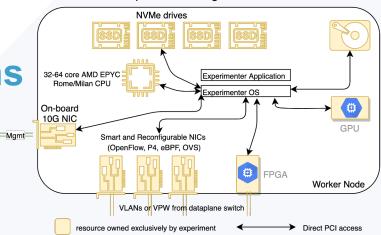






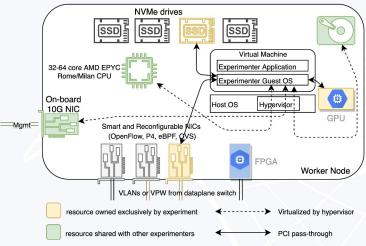
Node Level Programmability Abstractions

- Main capabilities are various PCI cards in individual servers
 - NICs, GPUs, FPGAs
- Additional switches and BYOE hardware
- Depending on experimenter request can be provided as part of a bare metal server or via PCI pass-through for VMs and containers



FABRIC experiment using a bare-metal server







FABRIC Network Services

- A rich set of L2, L3 and specialized services to aid the experimenters
- L2 services provide Ethernet service between experimenter topology interfaces
 - L2Bridge local to individual site
 - L2STS two sites, any number of interfaces
 - L2PTP two sites, two interfaces, QoS guarantees
- L3 services provide IPv4 and IPv6 services with an option to connect to the outside world
 - FABNetv4 FABRIC-routed IPv4 service, using RFC1918 addresses
 - FABNetv6 FABRIC-routed IPv6 services using FABRIC's IPv6 allocation
 - Both have externally-connectable counterparts (IPv4 variant uses FABRIC's limited IPv4 allocation)
- Specialized services



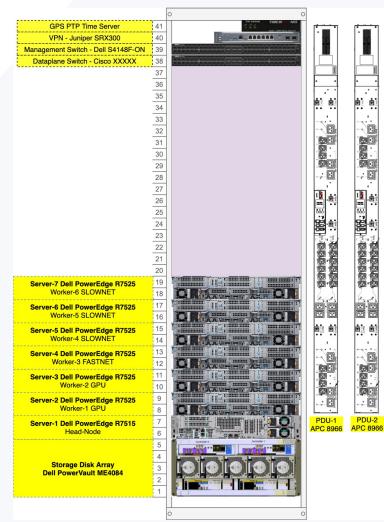
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Port mirroring - currently mirrors a specific physical port in the topology

FABRIC Rack Configuration

This is an example FABRIC Rack Configuration. There are multiple configurations which vary the number and type of compute and storage elements.



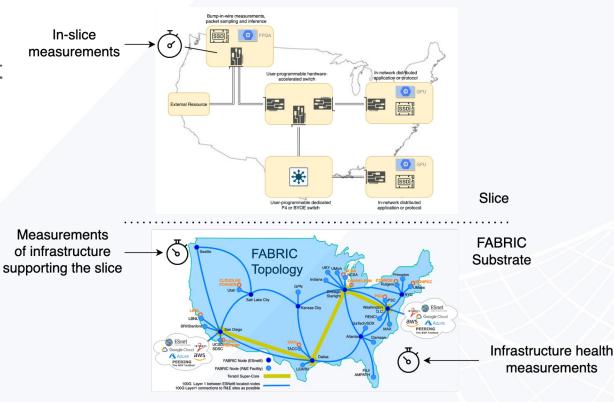


FABRIC Measurement Capabilities

- Key to FABRIC being a scientific instrument
- Provides

measurements

- Inside the slice
- Outside the slice





FABRIC Node Design: Measurement Hardware

- GPS-disciplined clock source with PTP at most sites
 - Subject to constraints of the hosting site
- NICs capable of accurate packet sampling/timestamping
- Programmable port mirroring
- Smart PDUs to measure power
- Optical layer measurements (where available)
- CPU, memory, disk, port/interface utilization and other time-series (software)



FABRIC features

- **Facility Ports** ability to add external facilities to slices using on-demand L2 connections
- Mirror Ports ability to mirror traffic from the dataplane switch into slice
- Support for <u>on-demand public connectivity</u>
 - Slices with L3 IPv4 or IPv6 can connect on-demand with public internet
 - This is in testing
- L3VPN service + CloudConnect
- Persistent storage for slices get storage allocation at multiple sites for your project
- In-slice measurement framework instrumentize your slice to get data about its performance
- Support for P4 Tofino switches in topologies (future)
- Support for P4 workflows on top of U280 FPGAs (in collaborations with OCT/NorthEastern and ESnet) (future)
 - Inter-testbed federation features, more Facility Ports



FABRIC External Connections Overview

- FABRIC experiments (slices) can run in an isolated manner within FABRIC Infrastructure, and isolated from external networks.
- Slices can also utilize FABRIC's external connections to access a variety of external experimental and production resources.
- These external connections are organized as follows:
 - Layer 3 IPv4 and IPv6 public connectivity on demand (with policy restrictions) via peering points provided by ESnet and Internet2
 - Layer 2 Services Peering (aka Facility ports)
 - Public Cloud Connections via CloudConnect
- Status:
 - Facility ports to
 - Chameleon Chicago and TACC operational
 - CloudLab and Powder at Utah operational
 - Cryo-EM facility at Rutgers operational
 - CloudLab Clemson and Wisconsin being configured
 - ASU/Sun Corridor Network being configured



Interacting with FABRIC

- FABRIC has three ways to interact with it:
 - Portal focus on creating small topologies
 - Jupyter Hub notebooks via API don't just create topologies <u>run experiments</u>
 - API libraries from your laptop/desktop
- We recommend the notebooks as a starting point
- Everything continues to be in <u>active development</u>
 - We keep adding infrastructure
 - We keep improving all of the software
- Infrastructure is updated as it becomes available
 - Generally non-disruptive
- Software updates are on a <u>3-4 month</u> cadence between releases
 - Backward compatibility is not always assured, but we try





Interacting with FABRIC

- REST-based APIs and a Python library (FABlib) on top to make your experiments easier to run
- FABRIC does not use SSL certificates instead it uses short-lived API tokens (1hr) that can be refreshed
 - There is a *Credential Manager* service (API and UI front end) to help do that it requires you to login using your institutional credentials to generate a token
 - Jupyter Notebooks do this automatically get a new token and refresh as needed
- There is an equivalent of 'RSpec' for topology descriptions based on property graph abstraction, serializable to GraphML and JSON.
 - You can save your topology description
 - Not meant to be human editable manipulate it using API or Portal
 - Portal does not yet allow you to download topology description, this feature is coming.
 - <u>Topology != Experiment</u>
- Our goal is to make Jupyter Notebooks your reproducible and shareable experiment profile
 - Build a topology (even across multiple testbeds!)
 - Configure it
 - Run the experiment
 - Annotate
 - Display plots and graphs
 - Share and let others reproduce your results
 - All from the comfort of your browser!



FABRIC UI

- FABRIC Portal, Jupyter Hub, User Knowledge base all operational
- Integrated with CI Logon for federated identity
- Accessible and used by early experimenters

FABRIC Jupyter Hub

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FABRIC Knowledge Base with User Forums



FABRIC Portal Home Page



FABRIC Portal Experiments page

FABRIC Portal SSH Keys × + Please consult this guide to login to your VMs via bastion ho FABRIC Portal Bastion login: ibaldin_0000241998 Slice Viewer FABRIC Portal Slice Viewer/Builder Siver (a) Bastion (1) Name: battion-key Name Expiration Date: 5/5/2322, 2/57/42 Pt Description: Ivas bestion key Core (1-32) SSH Key Type: ssh-rao & Dewnload Public Key Ram (1-512 GB) 16 GB Disk (1~100 GB) Generate SSH Key Pair Name @ Description @ Key Type Generate Key Pair • Useful Links Help & Support

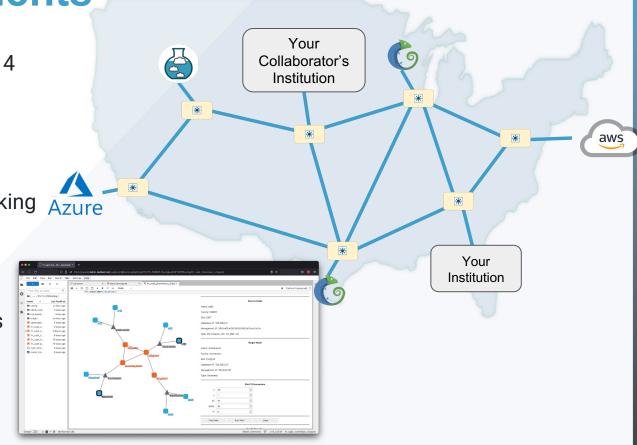
Early Experiments

- Users: ~300
- Projects: 40 (36 research, 4 education)
- Project topics:
 - P4/SDN
 - Honeypots
 - Named Data Networking Azure (NDN)
 - ServiceX

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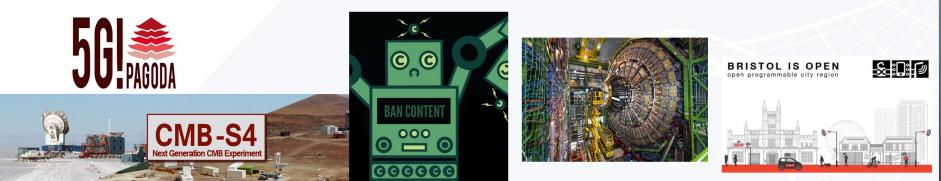
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- BGP Peering
- Datacenter protocols
- Scalable Genome Analysis
 - Fast data transfers Internet Privacy



Additional Science Use Cases & Partners

- Astronomy (Vera Rubin Observatory/LSST, Chile)
- Cosmology (CMB-S4)
- Weather (UMiami & CPTEC, Brazil) Ben Kirtman, Atmospheric Science & Paolo Nobre
- High-Energy Physics (CERN) Rob Gardner, FAB Co-PI, Physicist
- Urban Sensing/IoT/AI at Edge (UBristol) Dimitra Simeonidou, Prof. of Networking
- 5G across borders, P4/SDN (UTokyo) Aki Nakao, Prof. of CS; KISTI (Korea Institute of Science and Technology Information)
- Censorship Evasion Richard Brooks, Prof. of ECE



Thank You!

Questions?

Visit https://whatisfabric.net

- Ask info@fabric-testbed.net
- FABRIC Software: https://github.com/fabric-testbed

Beta Tester request form: https://whatisfabric.net/get-involved/beta-testers-request



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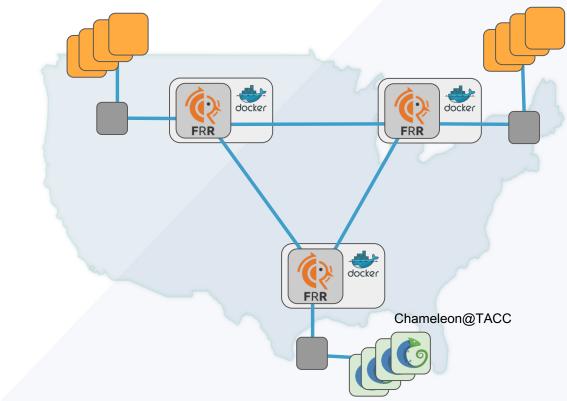
Extra Slides



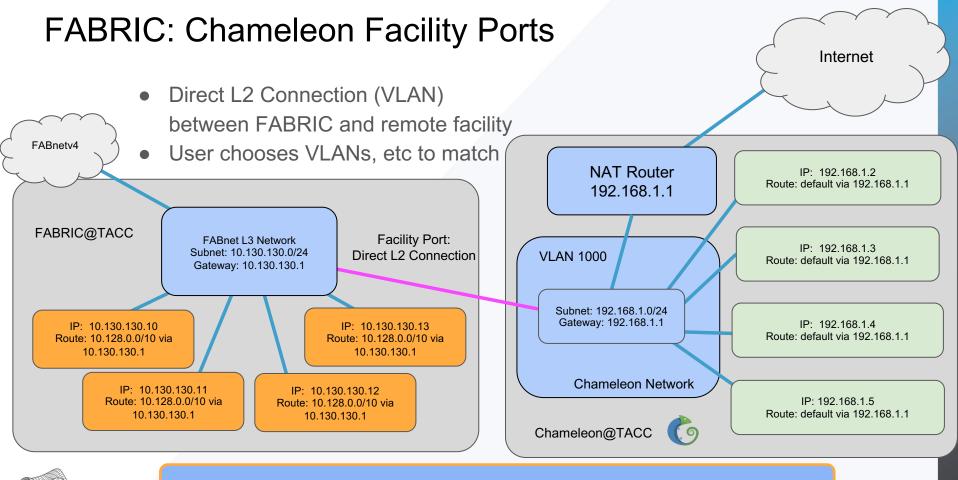
FABRIC Experiments - Chameleon FABnetv4 Chameleon@TACC



FABRIC Experiments - Chameleon



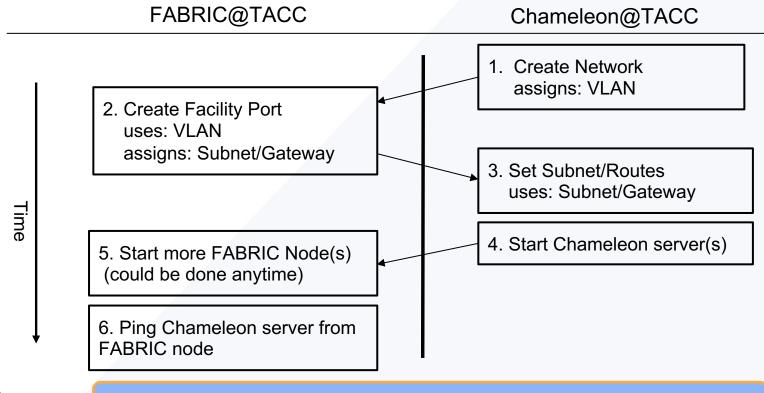




What do we do about the IPs/subnets/routes?

FABRIC

FABRIC: Chameleon Facility Ports



What do we do about the IPs/subnets/routes?



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