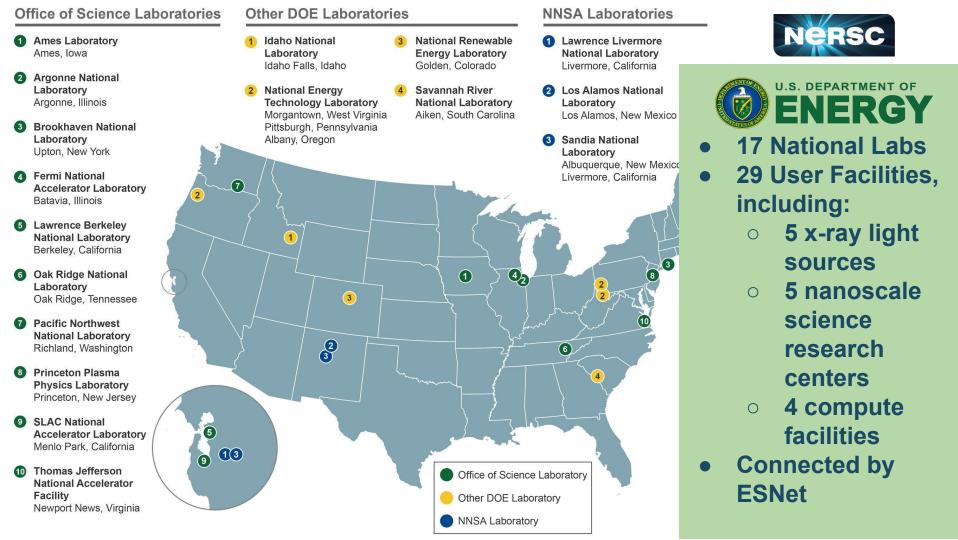
Modes of Operation: perspectives from NERSC



Debbie Bard Acting Group Lead Data Science Engagement Group NERSC, LBNL

NITRD workshop on the convergence of HPC, data and ML Oct 29th, 2018



NERSC is the Production HPC & Data Facility for DOE Office of Science

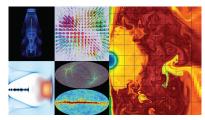




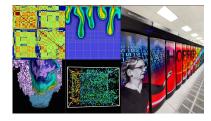
Office of Science



Biology, Energy, Environment



Particle Physics, Astrophysics

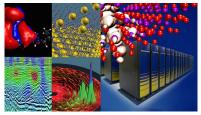


Computing

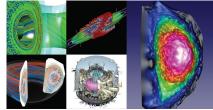


Nuclear Physics

Largest funder of physical science research in U.S.



Materials, Chemistry, Geophysics



Fusion Energy, Plasma Physics

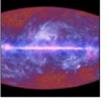


NERSC has a long history of working with experimental and observational data facilities





Palomar Transient Factory Supernova



Planck Satellite

Background

Radiation

Cosmic Microwave

Alice

Large Hadron Collider

Atlas Large Hadron Collider



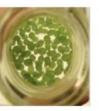
Dayabay Neutrinos



Light Source



ICIS **Light Source**



Joint Genome Institute Bioinformatics

In 2017, ~35% of projects self identified as confirming the primary role of the project is to:

- analyze experimental data
- 2. create tools for experimental data analysis
- 3. combine experimental data with simulations and modeling



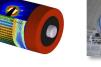
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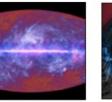




Palomar Transient Factory Supernova



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Alice **Cosmic Microwave** Large Hadron Collider



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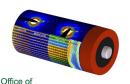
ICIS **Light Source**



Joint Genome Institute Bioinformatics



Crvo-EM



Science NCFM

ALS

Light Source



DESI



What's changing?

- Experiments are producing larger datasets
 - Scientists are integrating simulation and data analysis at large scales
- Scientific workflows have become more complex
- New advances in machine learning and tools available to non-experts
- New memory, storage, processor and accelerator technologies are available



NERSC systems are designed with both simulation and data users in mind



- High bandwidth external connectivity to experimental facilities from compute nodes (Software Defined Networking).
- NVRAM Flash Burst Buffer as I/O accelerator.
- More login nodes for managing advanced workflows.
- Support for real time and high-throughput queues with Slurm.
- Virtualization capabilities with Shifter (docker containers).
- Optimised and scalable analytics software stack (python, Julia, machine learning).





Requirements reviews and users from experimental facilities describe numerous pain points

NERSC

- Workflows require manual intervention and custom implementations
- Difficult to surge experimental codes at HPC facility in 'real-time'
- I/O performance, storage space and access methods for large datasets remain a challenge
- Searching, publishing and sharing data are difficult
- Analysis codes need to be adapted to advanced architectures
- Lack of scalable analytics software
- **Resilience strategy** needed for fast-turnaround analysis needs
 - including: coordinating maintenances, fault tolerant pipelines, rolling upgrades, alternative compute facilities...
- No federated identity between experimental facilities and NERSC
- Not all scientists want command-line access.

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Work in progress



Resiliency planning

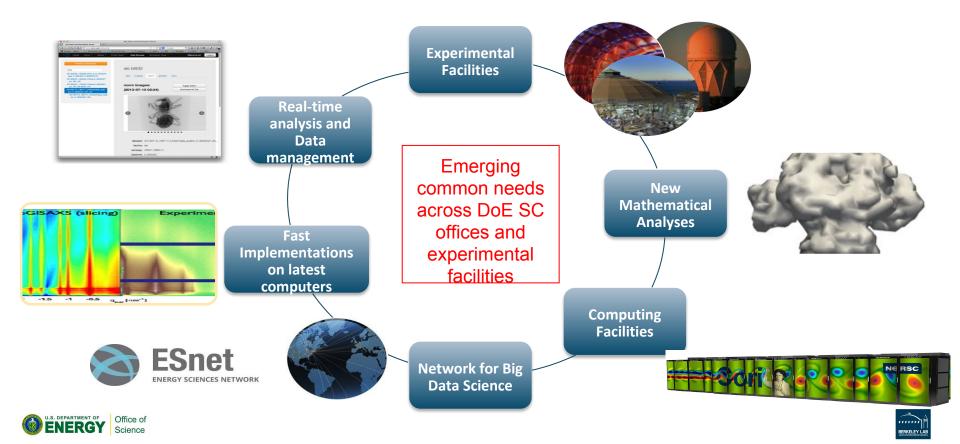
- Avoiding NERSC downtimes: rolling upgrades, automated fault detection and diagnosis...
- **Portability between sites**: containers, VMs, agreement on software environments e.g. ECP)...
- Surge computing requirements from experiments while supporting existing workload
 - Real-time queues
 - How to handle idle nodes waiting on incoming compute jobs?
 - Automatic checkpointing of jobs? Killable jobs?]
- Make it easier to access info and interact with NERSC: designing a "SuperFacility" API
 - Outages, status, location of data, queue occupancy, ports available...





Superfacility: A network of connected facilities, software and expertise to enable new modes of discovery





Important policy questions



• Users analyzing data from experimental facilities value fast turn around access

- Is utilisation still the right reportable metric?
- Workflow turnaround time?

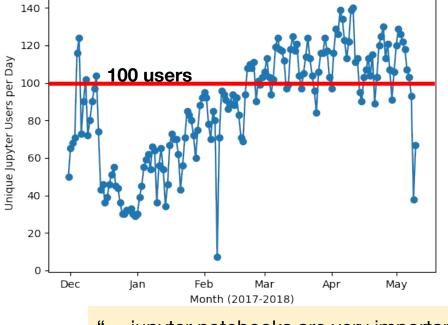
• Different sets of users have varying access needs:

- Read-only data access
- Limited functionality access through web interface (e.g. Jupyterhub)
- Full shell access
- How to handle identification/authorisation?



Jupyter is very popular with NERSC Users

- Over 600 unique users of Jupyter on Cori over past 9 months
- > 50% of users who submitted jobs have used Jupyter on Cori
- We want users to have a:
 familiar Python environment
 productive Python experience
 performant Python software stack



"... jupyter notebooks are very important for me:

NERSC

The 3 most important things in life: food, shelter and jupyter... everything else is optional." -- NERSC User



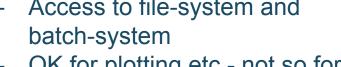
Jupyter at NERSC

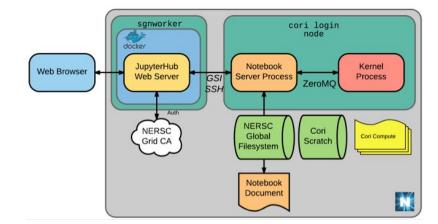
- Architecture to run on Cori -currently mainly runs on one server
 - Access to file-system and batch-system
 - OK for plotting etc.- not so for e.g. distributed deep learning
- Various models for expanding compute onto Cori compute nodes
 - NERSC SLURM magic

Office of

Science

- Interactive notebook connecting to ipyparallel/dask
- Future plans to spawn general purpose servers/kernels easily/automatically













• We talk to our users, and we listen to what they're telling us

- Increasing number of users self-identify as "data users"
- Design our systems specifically with data requirements in mind
- Experimental facilities have specific requirements to support their real-time computing needs

• Data users need:

- Resiliency planning
- Fast turnaround of compute jobs
- New ways of accessing data and compute
- Better and more appropriate interfaces to NERSC
- Policies that prioritise their needs



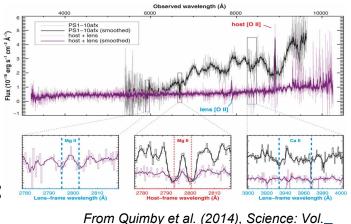


Data rates ~10 TB/night. Supernova detection pipe

- Supernova detection pipeline: ingest alert stream from NCSA via ESNet
 - In-stream data analysis to detect events of interest
 - Compare to O(100)TB reference data
 - Al for fast detection of "interesting" objects
- Regular data processing and simulation analytics need:
 - Fast access to large external DBs
 - Next day turnaround of analysis
 - Publish and serve catalogs for general public



LSST - DESC



344. Issue 6182.

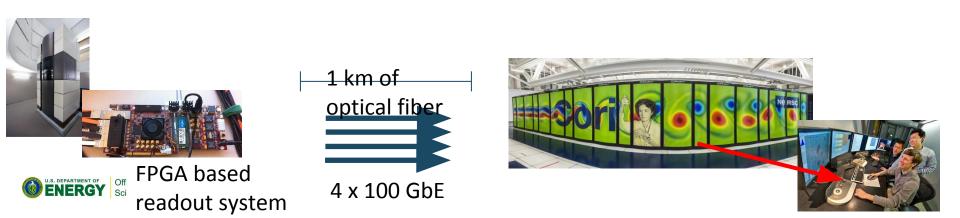


Example: NCEM





- A fast framing detector with high throughput readout system
- High bandwidth networks for data transfer
- Requires computing power/memory of a supercomputer to handle data
 - Current project: Attach instrument directly to NERSC network: stream up to 400GB/s directly to SSD storage inside supercomputer
 - Use data to train AI algorithm which will then be deployed on FPGAs close to instrument to down-filter data stream



"Any opinions, findings, conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Networking and Information Technology Research and Development Program."

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