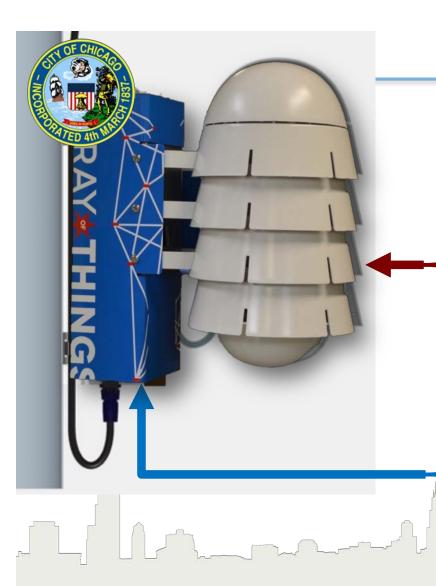


Array of Things (AoT): Beyond Passive Measurement

Goal 1: Exploit new sensor technologies to increase measurement resolution.

Goal 2: "Edge Computation" to support intelligent and autonomous measurements and actions.





AoT Configuration (FY18-19)

Environment Ambient, UV, IR light

Visibility Magnetic Field Vibration Sound pressure Temperature Relative humidity

Barometric pressure

Edge Computing

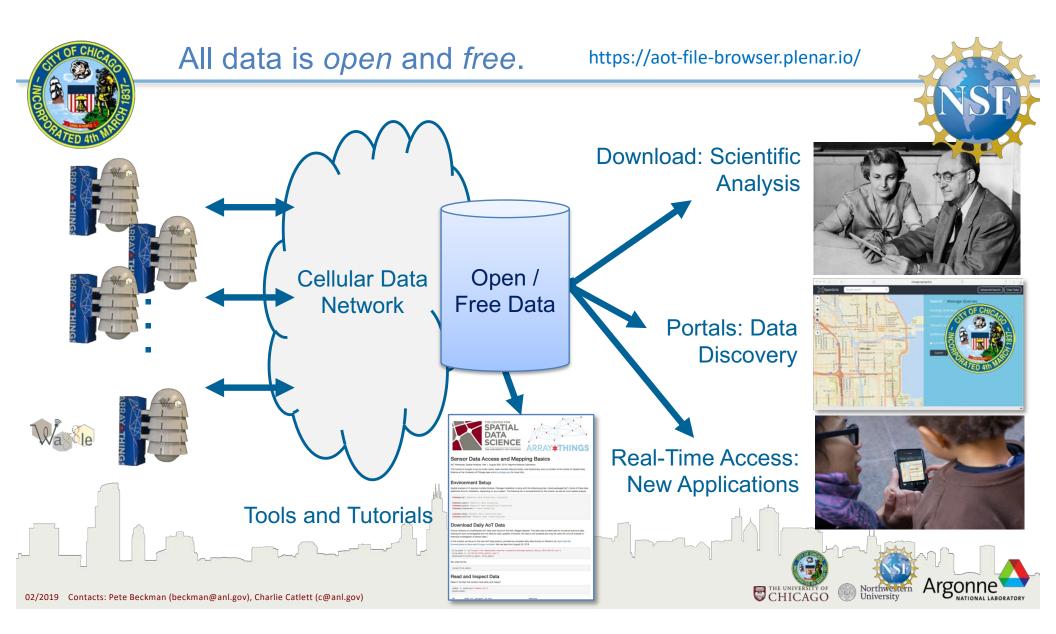
NSF

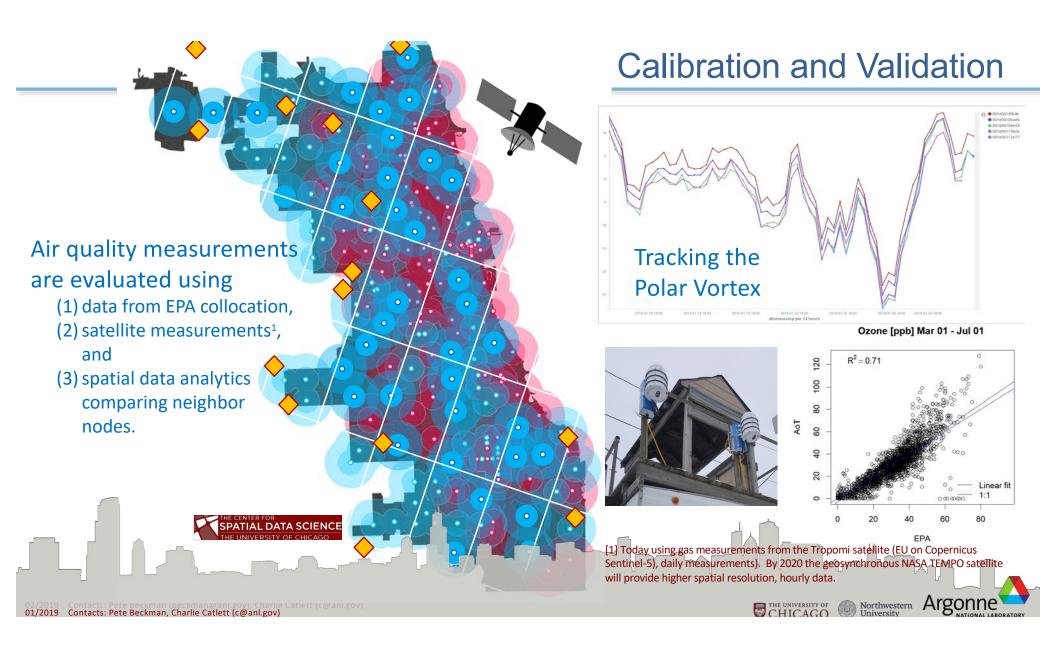
Air Quality PM 1, 2.5, 10, 40 Carbon monoxide Ozone Sulfur dioxide Nitrogen dioxide Hydrogen sulfide Total reducing gases Total oxidizing gases

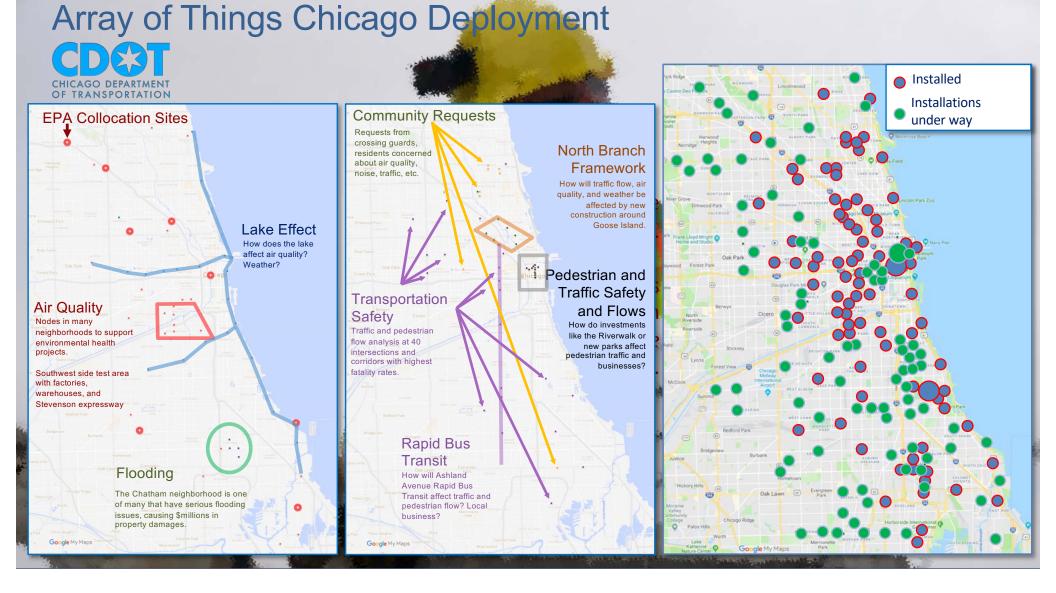
Northwestern Argonne

<u>Computer Vision</u>: Flooding, traffic flow, safety (bike helmet use, pedestrian patterns...), use patterns of public spaces, cloud cover <u>Computer Audio</u>: Noise components, sound events

CHICAGO







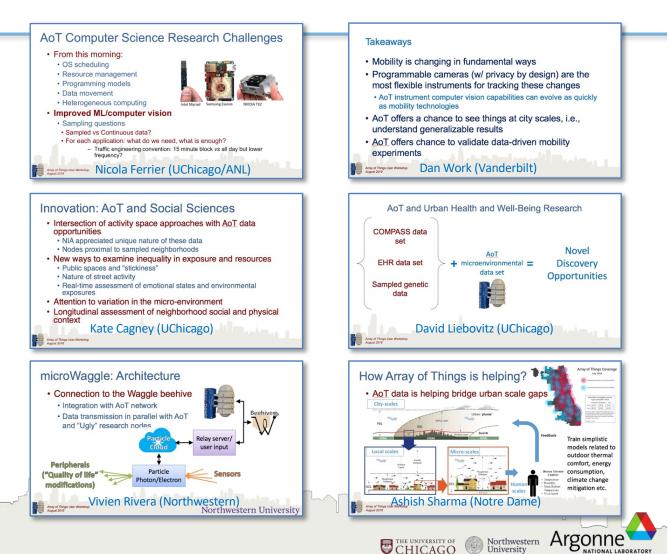
Science Examples

Sample from 25 science abstract presentations at AoT User Workshop (August 2018).





02/2019 Contacts: Pete Beckman (beckman@anl.gov), Charlie Catlett (c@anl.gov)



NATIONAL LABORATORY

Example Projects Leveraging AoT & Waggle



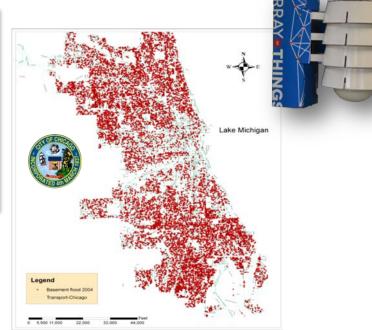


Quantify the impact of at-grade crossings on roadway operations. Edge-enabled image processing to measure key factors such as crossing start/end, duration of impact (traffic returns to steady-state), number of vehicles affected, emergency vehicles affected, etc..



Quantify air, road, rail, public transit traffic into and surrounding O'Hare International Airport, in concert with transportation modeling and data from diverse sources.

Integrate data with Argonne coupled multiscale urban modeling capabilities to evaluate policy and infrastructure interventions, including normal and emergency operations (weather, threats, attacks).



CHICAGO

Detect pre-flooding and flooding events such as street floods that lead to basement flooding (map shows 2004 basement flood reports).

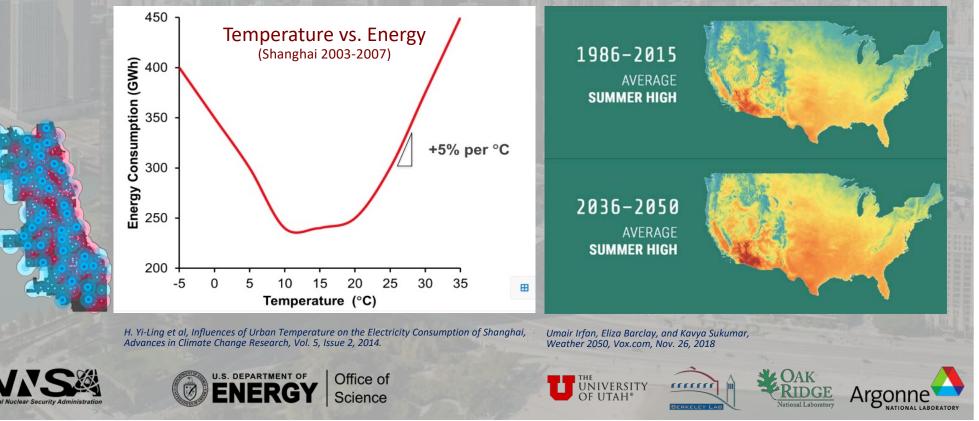
A growing number of projects funded by industry, state, and federal sources to leverage Waggle edge computing capabilities for computer vision and hearing. Northwestern Argonne

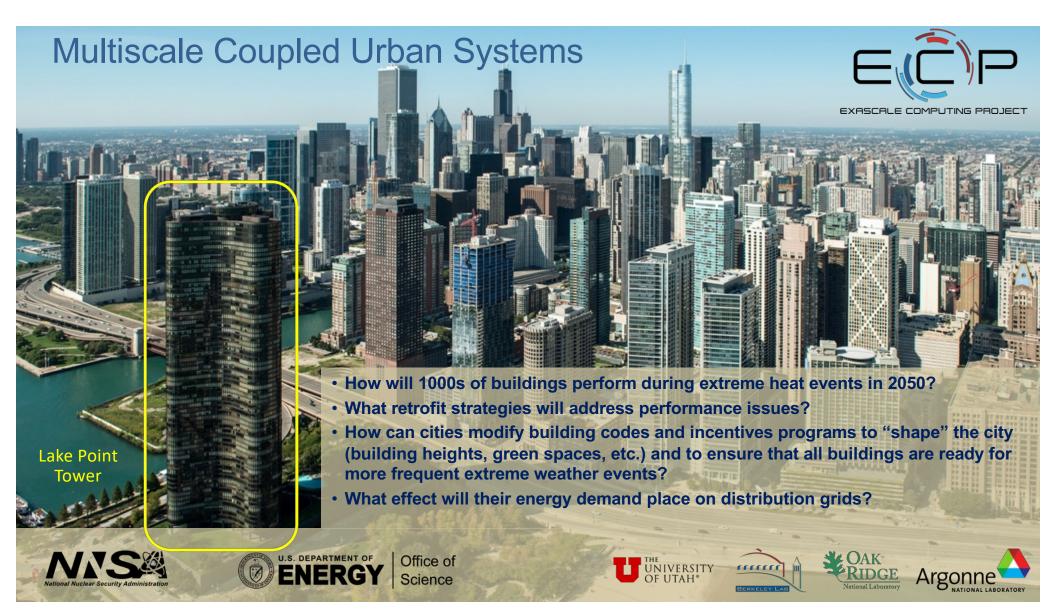
Multiscale Coupled Urban Systems

Transforming Urban Design and Optimization through Exascale Simulations



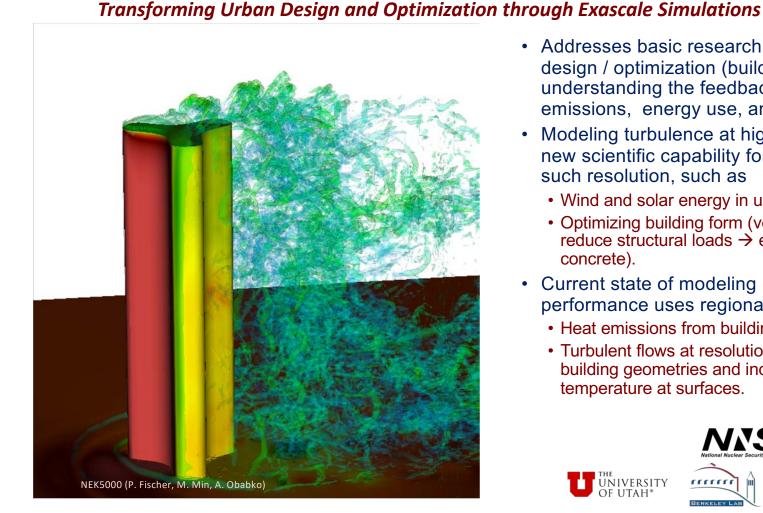
• Use Exascale platforms to simulate the coupled urban microclimate and buildings system, evaluating city-scale energy performance in extreme weather events.





Multiscale Coupled Urban Systems





- Addresses basic research needs driving the urban design / optimization (buildings, districts) and understanding the feedback among building heat emissions, energy use, and microclimate.
- Modeling turbulence at high fidelity also provides new scientific capability for other problems requiring such resolution. such as
 - Wind and solar energy in urban settings.
 - Optimizing building form (vortex shedding, etc.) to reduce structural loads \rightarrow embedded carbon (steel, concrete).
- Current state of modeling building/district energy performance uses regional weather data. We add:
 - · Heat emissions from buildings.
 - Turbulent flows at resolution commensurate with building geometries and including differential temperature at surfaces.



Research Partnership Program

Seattle/UW Portland/PSU Palo Alto/Stanford Denver/Panasonic/NREL

AoT partners with local research institutions who have formed teams with their cities to identify one or more policy or science questions for which an AoT installation makes sense. Typical installations are 4-20 nodes, and all nodes are "turnkey" with management and data services provided by the University of Chicago.

www.ArrayOfThings.org 02/2019 Contacts: Pete Beckman (beckman@anl.gov), Charlie Catlett (c@anl.gov)

Chicago/UChicago/ANL Chattanooga/UT-Dallas Syracuse/SyracuseU Chapel Hill/UNC Nashville/Vanderbilt Bristol/UBristol (UK) Atlanta/GaTech Detroit/ANL Santo Domingo/INTEC (DR)

Installations under way (FY19)

- 2H-FY19 Partners
- Partners developing plans
- Requests for discussion

Tokyo/Riken Taichung/NARlabs Melbourne/CSIRO Hong Kong / UChicago

Northwestern University Argonne National Laboratory

CHICAGO

How is AoT / Waggle Unique

AoT: An Experimental Instrument

- A new type of instrument / cyberinfrastructure
- Driven by science questions, including cyberinfrastructure research
- Implemented and tested in real life, at scale
- Embedding policy in infrastructure

Unique Waggle Capabilities

- Embedded in public way with tested policies & governance
- Data pipeline and APIs
- Edge Computation
 - Software-Defined Sensors
 - Analytics in place (intelligent data compression; responsive measurements)

Scaling and Replication

- Open hardware/software; open data pipelines
- Commercially made
- Four generations of field testing and improvements.



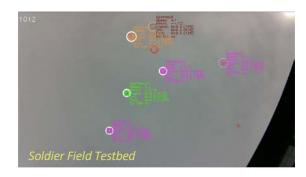
The Waggle Platform

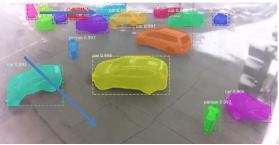
- Open source hardware, software
- Design for hosting edge computation, sensors, and actuators in harsh and/or remote locations.
- "100-year Space Craft" design principles to avoid, minimize, and/or recover from faults.
- Remotely programmable with common ML environments (TensorFlow, OpenCV, etc.).
- Open/standard architecture supports agile integration of new ML hardware.

Edge Computation: "Software-Defined Sensors"

Example Application Areas:

- Drone detection (USSAF)
- Transportation analysis (DOE, IDOT)
- Multi-messenger methods to adapt sensing based on detected events/conditions (NSF)
- Pedestrian and Vehicle flows
- Under Development:
- Utility grid load/failure prediction and anomaly detection (Industry)
- Pedestrian flow and interaction analysis (NSF)
- Flood detection/tracking (NSF)
- Near-miss traffic events (NSF)











Resilience in Harsh Environments

System Controller (Wagman) monitors health of computing, sensing, and other hosted devices; can force hibernation, reset, and rebuild hosted Linux systems.

02/2019 Contacts: Pete Beckman (beckman@anl.gov), Charlie Catlett (c@anl.gov)

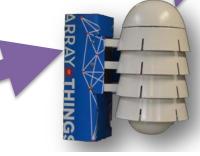
wa8.gl

Waggle Breakdown

Resilient Hardware

Later Funt

Edge Computing

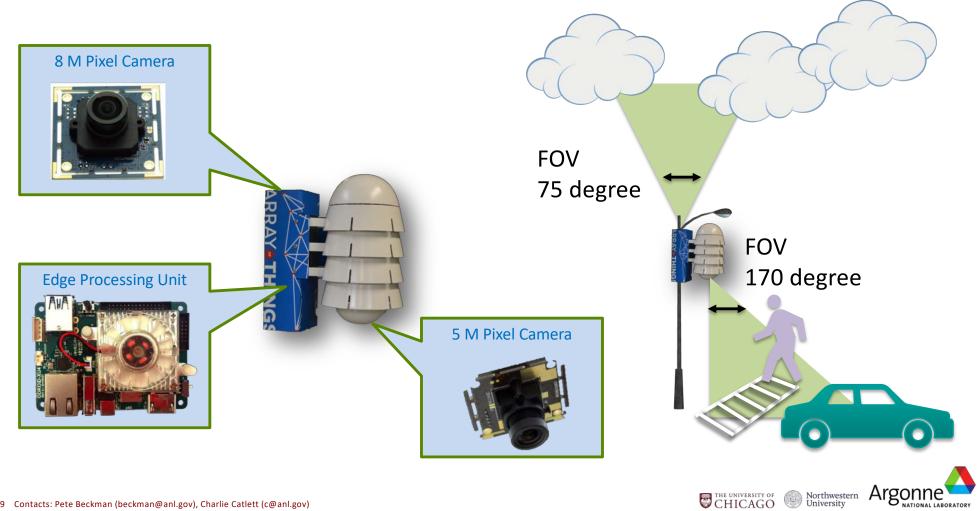




Sensor Pod

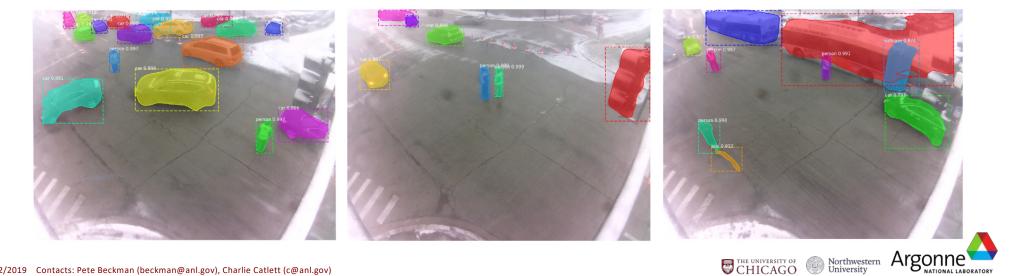


Edge Vision: Cameras on Array of Things Nodes



Performance for Current Processes (1 of 2)

Model: Mask RCNN (Region with Convolutional Neural Network) in TensorFlow Training Data Set: Coco Dataset Original Image Size: 2592 x 1944, Lake Shore Drive, Dec. 2017 Input Image Shape: 1024 x 1024 Computing Device: A Laptop, 8GB memory Intel i7 CPU Confidence threshold : 0.6 Computing Time: ~ 9 seconds



CHICAGO

Performance for Current Processes (2 of 2)

Model: SSD (Single Shot MultiBox Detector) in OpenCV Training Data Set: Coco Dataset Original Image Size: 2592 x 1944, Damen Ave. & Lawrence Ave., Dec. 2017 Input Image Shape: 300 x 300 Computing Device: NVIDIA Jetson TX2 CPUs (~1.2 GHz) Confidence threshold: 0.6 Computing Time: ~ 230 milliseconds





02/2019 Contacts: Pete Beckman (beckman@anl.gov), Charlie Catlett (c@anl.gov)

CHICAGO



"Any opinions, findings, conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Networking and Information Technology Research and Development Program."

The Networking and Information Technology Research and Development (NITRD) Program

Mailing Address: NCO/NITRD, 2415 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, VA 22314

Physical Address: 490 L'Enfant Plaza SW, Suite 8001, Washington, DC 20024, USA Tel: 202-459-9674, Fax: 202-459-9673, Email: <u>nco@nitrd.gov</u>, Website: <u>https://www.nitrd.gov</u>

